

# Brane Tilings and Smooth Toric Fano's

*Amihay Hanany*

# Introduction

# Introduction

- M2 brane probes a singular CY4

# Introduction

- M2 brane probes a singular CY4
- What is the gauge theory on its world volume?

# Introduction

- M2 brane probes a singular CY4
- What is the gauge theory on its world volume?
- A lot of progress has been made

# Introduction

- M2 brane probes a singular CY4
- What is the gauge theory on its world volume?
- A lot of progress has been made
- Many Quiver CS theories

# M2 branes and CY4

# M2 branes and CY4

- For given CY4 find the CS theory on M2



# M2 branes and CY4

- For given CY4 find the CS theory on M2
- Are there any special CY4 we should pay attention to?

# In $3+1$ dimensions

# In 3+1 dimensions

- D3 brane probing singular CY3

# In $3+1$ dimensions

- D3 brane probing singular CY3
- special attention to

# In $3+1$ dimensions

- D3 brane probing singular CY3
- special attention to
- Orbifolds

# In $3+1$ dimensions

- D3 brane probing singular CY3
- special attention to
- Orbifolds
- toric CY3

# In 3+1 dimensions

- D3 brane probing singular CY3
- special attention to
- Orbifolds
- toric CY3
- dP's (del Pezzo surfaces)

# del Pezzo Surfaces



# del Pezzo Surfaces

- 2d surfaces with positive curvature

# del Pezzo Surfaces

- 2d surfaces with positive curvature
- special attention since there are finitely many of them

# del Pezzo Surfaces

- 2d surfaces with positive curvature
- special attention since there are finitely many of them
- each dP: take a line bundle with negative curvature such that in total CY3

# Fano 3-folds

# Fano 3-folds

- What is the analog for CY4?

# Fano 3-folds

- What is the analog for CY4?
- Take a 3d complex space with positive curvature

# Fano 3-folds

- What is the analog for CY4?
- Take a 3d complex space with positive curvature
- A line bundle with negative curvature

# Fano 3-folds

- What is the analog for CY4?
- Take a 3d complex space with positive curvature
- A line bundle with negative curvature
- Total space is a CY4



# Fano 3-folds

- What is the analog for CY4?
- Take a 3d complex space with positive curvature
- A line bundle with negative curvature
- Total space is a CY4
- 3d space is called Fano 3-fold

positive curvature

# positive curvature

- To understand this point better

# positive curvature

- To understand this point better
- back up to lower dimensions

# positive curvature

- To understand this point better
- back up to lower dimensions
- in 1d - classification of Riemann surfaces

# positive curvature

- To understand this point better
- back up to lower dimensions
- in 1d - classification of Riemann surfaces
- only 1 complex line with positive curvature

# positive curvature

- To understand this point better
- back up to lower dimensions
- in 1d - classification of Riemann surfaces
- only 1 complex line with positive curvature
- Sphere -  $P^1$

# positive curvature

- To understand this point better
- back up to lower dimensions
- in 1d - classification of Riemann surfaces
- only 1 complex line with positive curvature
- Sphere -  $P^1$
- corresponding CY2: well studied  $C^2/Z_2$



# Del Pezzo Surfaces

# Del Pezzo Surfaces

- In 2d - 10 smooth surfaces with positive curvature

# Del Pezzo Surfaces

- In 2d - 10 smooth surfaces with positive curvature
- $P^1 \times P^1$ ,  $P^2$ , blowups of  $P^2$  by  $n$  points

# Del Pezzo Surfaces

- In  $2d - 10$  smooth surfaces with positive curvature
- $P^1 \times P^1$ ,  $P^2$ , blowups of  $P^2$  by  $n$  points
- $n=0, 1, \dots, 8$

# Del Pezzo Surfaces

- In 2d - 10 smooth surfaces with positive curvature
- $P^1 \times P^1$ ,  $P^2$ , blowups of  $P^2$  by  $n$  points
- $n=0, 1, \dots, 8$
- Out of them 5 are toric and 5 are not.

# Being Toric

# Being Toric

- Physically toric means that there are continuous isometries - global symmetries

# Being Toric

- Physically toric means that there are continuous isometries - global symmetries
- The rank of the symmetry group equals the dimension of the CY



# Being Toric

- Physically toric means that there are continuous isometries - global symmetries
- The rank of the symmetry group equals the dimension of the CY
- non-toric means the rank is less than the dimension - harder

# Being Toric

- Physically toric means that there are continuous isometries - global symmetries
- The rank of the symmetry group equals the dimension of the CY
- non-toric means the rank is less than the dimension - harder
- Use Toric Geometry

# Fano 3-folds

# Fano 3-folds

- There are the order of 1000 smooth Fano's

# Fano 3-folds

- There are the order of 1000 smooth Fano's
- Large but still finite..

# Fano 3-folds

- There are the order of 1000 smooth Fano's
- Large but still finite..
- Only 18 are toric!

# Study smooth toric Fano 3-folds

# Examples of Smooth Toric Fano's



# Examples of Smooth Toric Fano's

- $P^3, P^2 \times P^1, P^1 \times P^1 \times P^1, dP_n \times P^1, \text{etc}$

	$Sym$	Toric Data	Geometry	Id of [58]	$(b_2, g)$
$\mathbb{P}^3$	$U(4)$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}^3$	4	(1, 33)
$\mathcal{B}_4$	$[3, 2, 1]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^1$	24	(2, 28)
$\mathcal{B}_1$	$[3, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(2))$	35	(2, 32)
$\mathcal{B}_2$	$[3, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(1))$	36	(2, 29)
$\mathcal{C}_3$	$[2^3, 1]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$	62	(3, 25)
$\mathcal{C}_4$	$[2^2, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$	123	(3, 25)
$\mathcal{C}_5$	$[2^2, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1}(1, -1))$	68	(3, 23)
$\mathcal{B}_3$	$[2^2, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}(1))$	37	(2, 28)
$\mathcal{C}_1$	$[2^2, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1}(1, 1))$	105	(3, 27)
$\mathcal{C}_2$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{dP_1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{dP_1}(\ell)), \quad \ell^2 _{dP_1} = 1$	136	(3, 26)
$\mathcal{D}_1$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}^1$ -blowup of $\mathcal{B}_2$	131	(3, 26)
$\mathcal{D}_2$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}^1$ -blowup of $\mathcal{B}_4$	139	(3, 24)
$\mathcal{E}_1$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_2$ bundle over $\mathbb{P}^1$	218	(4, 24)
$\mathcal{E}_2$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_2$ bundle over $\mathbb{P}^1$	275	(4, 23)
$\mathcal{E}_3$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_2 \times \mathbb{P}^1$	266	(4, 22)
$\mathcal{E}_4$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_2$ bundle over $\mathbb{P}^1$	271	(4, 21)
$\mathcal{F}_2$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_3$ bundle over $\mathbb{P}^1$	369	(5, 19)
$\mathcal{F}_1$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_3 \times \mathbb{P}^1$	324	(5, 19)

# Toric diagrams for Fano's

# Toric diagrams for Fano's

- To think about toric diagrams let us return to lower dimensions

# Toric diagrams for Fano's

- To think about toric diagrams let us return to lower dimensions
- The toric diagram for a CY in  $d$  dimensions is a polygon in  $d-1$  dimensions

# Toric diagrams for Fano's

- To think about toric diagrams let us return to lower dimensions
- The toric diagram for a CY in  $d$  dimensions is a polygon in  $d-1$  dimensions
- $d=2$  a line

# Toric diagrams for Fano's

- To think about toric diagrams let us return to lower dimensions
- The toric diagram for a CY in  $d$  dimensions is a polygon in  $d-1$  dimensions
- $d=2$  a line



# Toric diagrams for Fano's

- To think about toric diagrams let us return to lower dimensions
- The toric diagram for a CY in  $d$  dimensions is a polygon in  $d-1$  dimensions
- $d=2$  a line





# Toric diagrams for Fano's

- To think about toric diagrams let us return to lower dimensions
- The toric diagram for a CY in  $d$  dimensions is a polygon in  $d-1$  dimensions
- $d=2$  a line



# Toric diagrams for Fano's

- To think about toric diagrams let us return to lower dimensions
- The toric diagram for a CY in  $d$  dimensions is a polygon in  $d-1$  dimensions
- $d=2$  a line



# del Pezzo's Fano 2-folds

# del Pezzo's Fano 2-folds

- 2d polygon with vertices on a 2d lattice

# del Pezzo's Fano 2-folds

- 2d polygon with vertices on a 2d lattice
- 1 internal point

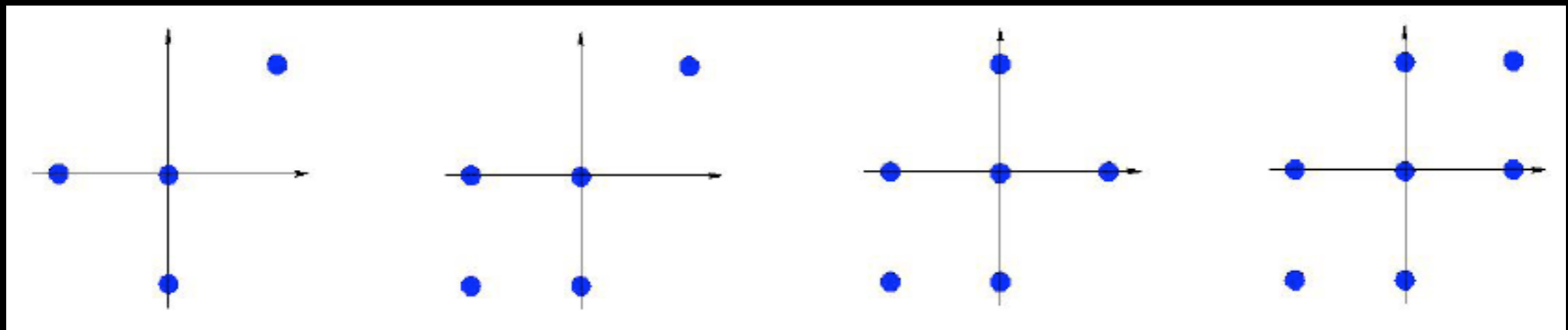
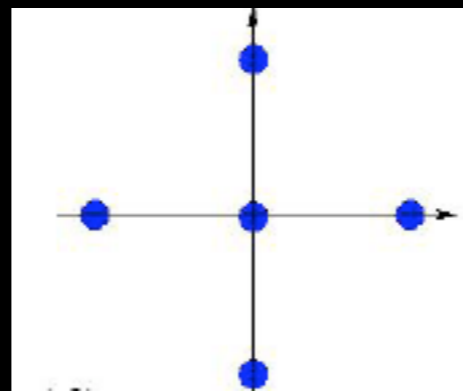
# del Pezzo's Fano 2-folds

- 2d polygon with vertices on a 2d lattice
- 1 internal point
- No points on an edge of the polygon

# del Pezzo's Fano 2-folds

- 2d polygon with vertices on a 2d lattice
- 1 internal point
- No points on an edge of the polygon
- Precisely 5 such polygons

# 5 diagrams 1 internal point





# Toric Diagrams

## smooth Fano 3-folds

# Toric Diagrams

## smooth Fano 3-folds

- 3d polyhedron

# Toric Diagrams

## smooth Fano 3-folds

- 3d polyhedron
- 1 internal point

# Toric Diagrams

## smooth Fano 3-folds

- 3d polyhedron
- 1 internal point
- no points on edges

# Toric Diagrams

## smooth Fano 3-folds

- 3d polyhedron
- 1 internal point
- no points on edges
- no points on faces

# Toric Diagrams

## smooth Fano 3-folds

- 3d polyhedron
- 1 internal point
- no points on edges
- no points on faces
- precisely 18 such polyhedrons

	$Sym$	Toric Data	Geometry	Id of [58]	$(b_2, g)$
$\mathbb{P}^3$	$U(4)$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}^3$	4	(1, 33)
$\mathcal{B}_4$	$[3, 2, 1]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^1$	24	(2, 28)
$\mathcal{B}_1$	$[3, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(2))$	35	(2, 32)
$\mathcal{B}_2$	$[3, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(1))$	36	(2, 29)
$\mathcal{C}_3$	$[2^3, 1]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$	62	(3, 25)
$\mathcal{C}_4$	$[2^2, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$	123	(3, 25)
$\mathcal{C}_5$	$[2^2, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1}(1, -1))$	68	(3, 23)
$\mathcal{B}_3$	$[2^2, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}(1))$	37	(2, 28)
$\mathcal{C}_1$	$[2^2, 1^2]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1}(1, 1))$	105	(3, 27)
$\mathcal{C}_2$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}_{dP_1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{dP_1}(\ell)), \quad \ell^2 _{dP_1} = 1$	136	(3, 26)
$\mathcal{D}_1$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}^1$ -blowup of $\mathcal{B}_2$	131	(3, 26)
$\mathcal{D}_2$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\mathbb{P}^1$ -blowup of $\mathcal{B}_4$	139	(3, 24)
$\mathcal{E}_1$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_2$ bundle over $\mathbb{P}^1$	218	(4, 24)
$\mathcal{E}_2$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_2$ bundle over $\mathbb{P}^1$	275	(4, 23)
$\mathcal{E}_3$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_2 \times \mathbb{P}^1$	266	(4, 22)
$\mathcal{E}_4$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_2$ bundle over $\mathbb{P}^1$	271	(4, 21)
$\mathcal{F}_2$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_3$ bundle over $\mathbb{P}^1$	369	(5, 19)
$\mathcal{F}_1$	$[2, 1^3]$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$dP_3 \times \mathbb{P}^1$	324	(5, 19)

# Construct the gauge theory dual to Fano's



# Construct the gauge theory dual to Fano's

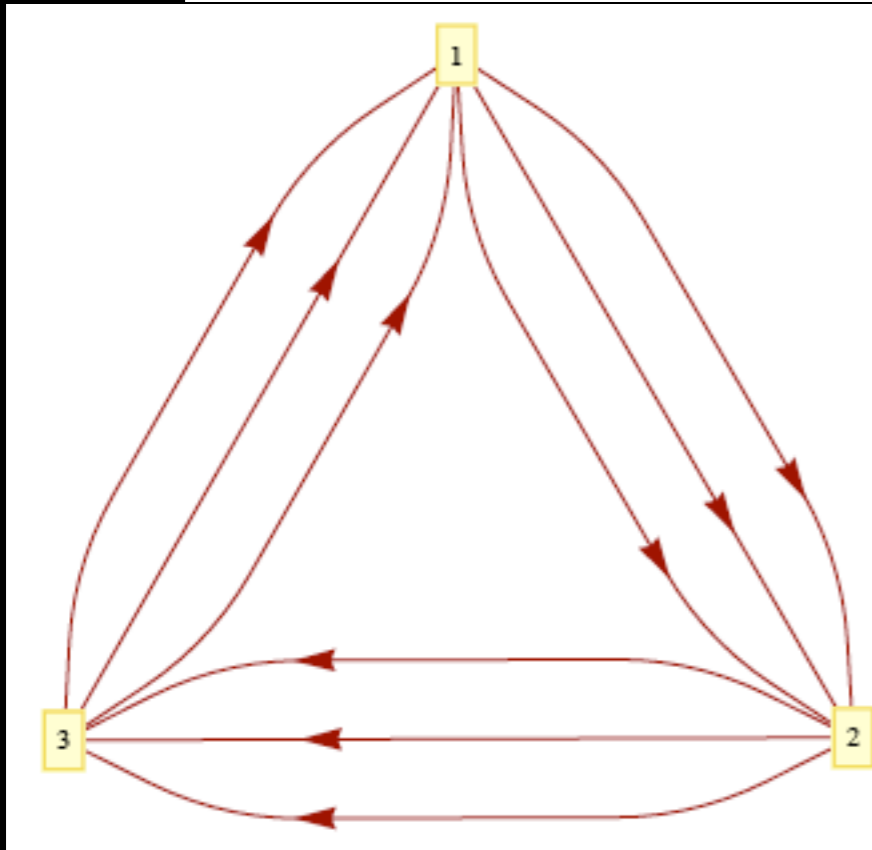
- Given by a Brane Tiling with CS levels on edges

# Construct the gauge theory dual to Fano's

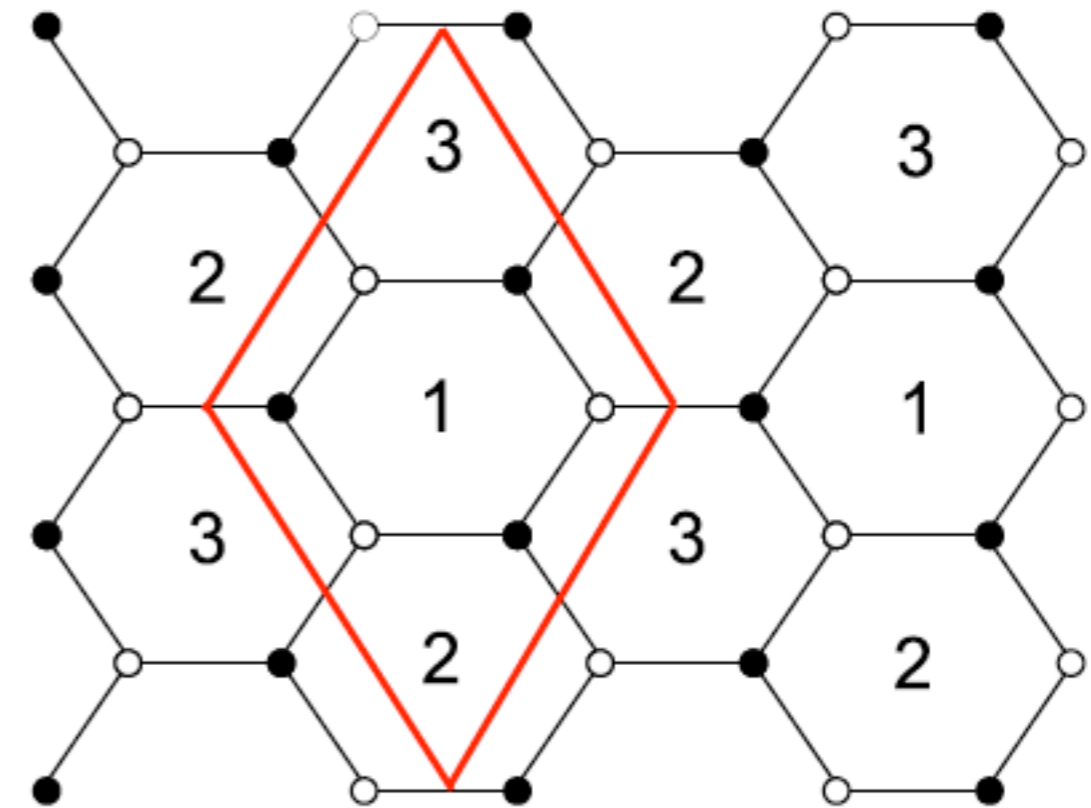
- Given by a Brane Tiling with CS levels on edges
- A combinatorial formalism to compute the toric data

# Example

$\mathcal{B}_4$  (Toric Fano 24):  $\mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^1$  (The  $M^{1,1,1}$  Theory)



$$W = \text{Tr} (\epsilon_{ijk} X_{12}^i X_{23}^j X_{31}^k)$$



$$\vec{k} = (1, -2, 1)$$

# Combinatorial data

$$k_a = \sum_i d_{ai} n_i$$

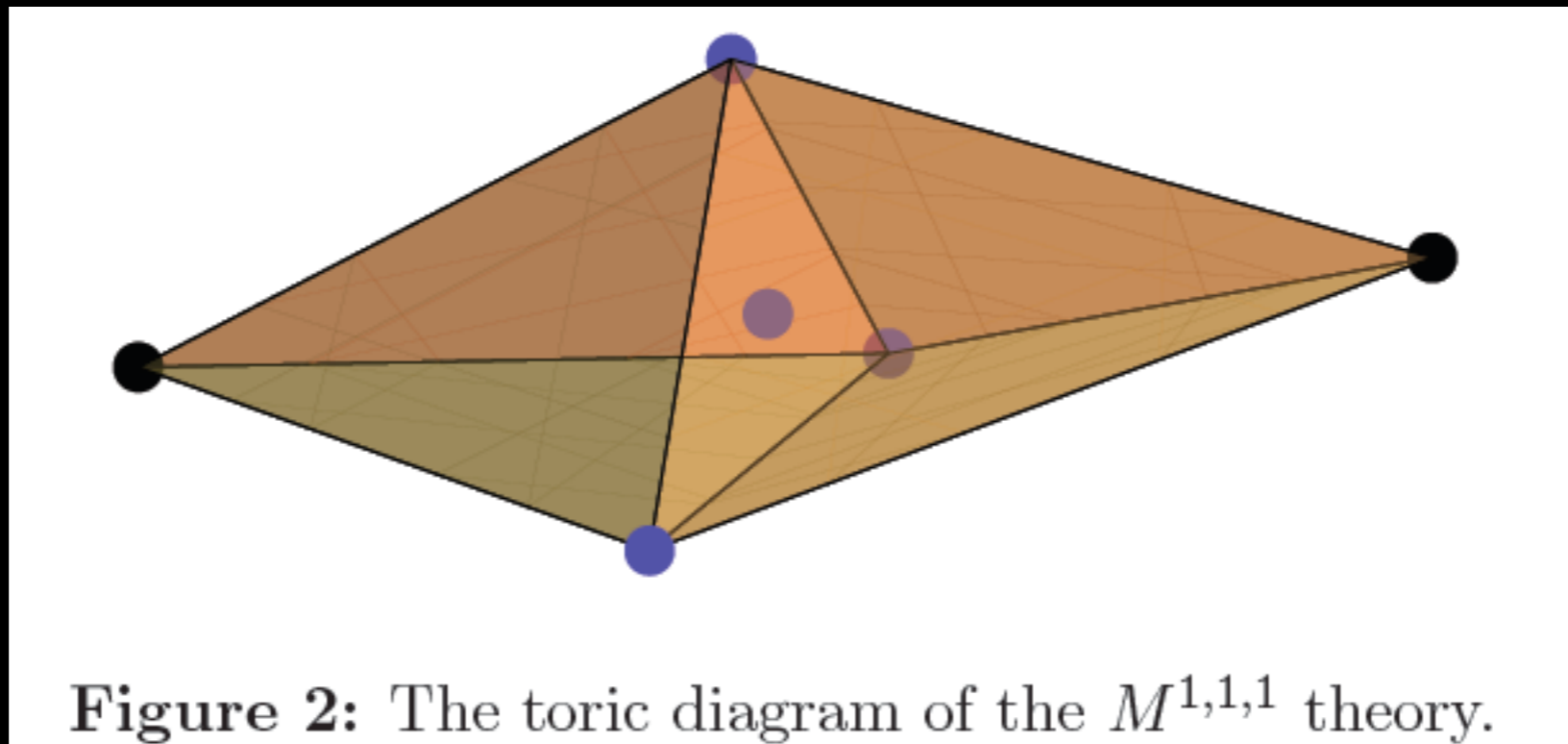
$$\begin{aligned} k_1 &= n_{12}^1 + n_{12}^2 + n_{12}^3 - n_{31}^1 - n_{31}^2 - n_{31}^3 \\ k_2 &= n_{23}^1 + n_{23}^2 + n_{23}^3 - n_{12}^1 - n_{12}^2 - n_{12}^3 \\ k_3 &= n_{31}^1 + n_{31}^2 + n_{31}^3 - n_{23}^1 - n_{23}^2 - n_{23}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$n_{12}^1 = -n_{23}^1 = 1, \quad n_{jk}^i = 0 \text{ otherwise}$$

$$K = \left( \begin{array}{c|ccc} & w_1 & w_2 & w_3 \\ \hline b_1 & z^{n_{31}^1} & z^{n_{12}^3} & yz^{n_{23}^2} \\ b_2 & \frac{1}{x}z^{n_{23}^3} & z^{n_{31}^2} & z^{n_{12}^1} \\ b_3 & z^{n_{12}^2} & \frac{x}{y}z^{n_{23}^1} & z^{n_{31}^3} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{perm}(K) &= xy^{-1}z^{(n_{12}^1+n_{23}^1+n_{31}^1)} + yz^{(n_{12}^2+n_{23}^2+n_{31}^2)} + x^{-1}z^{(n_{12}^3+n_{23}^3+n_{31}^3)} \\ &+ z^{(n_{12}^1+n_{12}^2+n_{12}^3)} + z^{(n_{23}^1+n_{23}^2+n_{23}^3)} + z^{(n_{31}^1+n_{31}^2+n_{31}^3)} \\ &= xy^{-1} + y + x^{-1} + z + z^{-1} + 1 \end{aligned}$$

# Toric Diagram

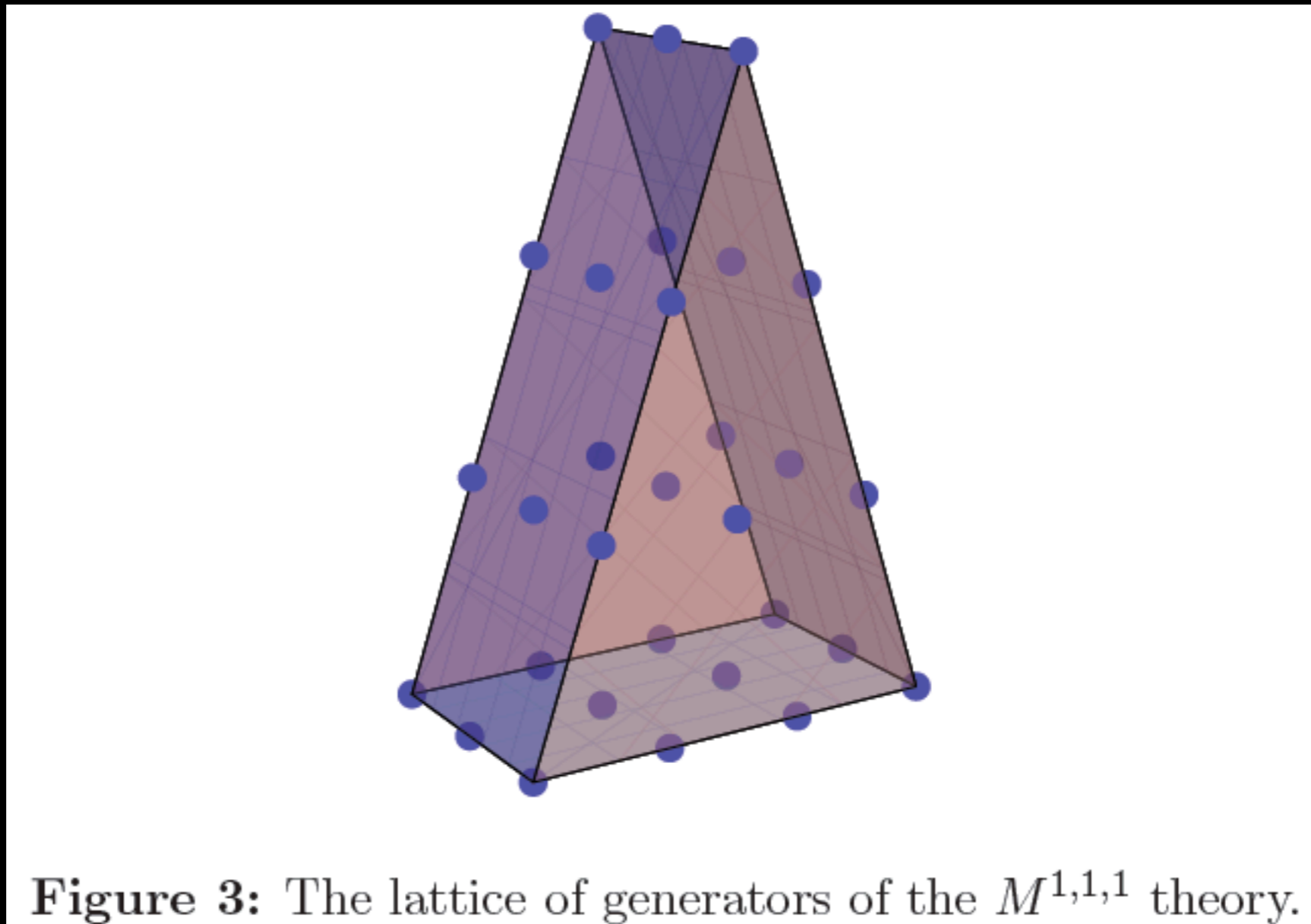


# Hilbert Series

$$g^{\text{mes}}(t; \mathcal{B}_4) = \frac{1 + 26t^{18} + 26t^{36} + t^{54}}{(1 - t^{18})^4}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [3n, 0; 2n] t^{18n}$$

# Lattice of generators



# Table of R charges

Quiver fields	R-charge
$X_{12}^i$	7/9
$X_{23}^i$	7/9
$X_{31}^i$	4/9

**Table 4:** R-charges of the quiver fields for the  $M^{1,1,1}$  theory.



# Fano 3-folds

# Fano 3-folds

- 18 smooth toric Fano 3-folds

# Fano 3-folds

- 18 smooth toric Fano 3-folds
- translate toric data to brane tilings

# Fano 3-folds

- 18 smooth toric Fano 3-folds
- translate toric data to brane tilings
- known for 14 cases, first 4:

# Fano 3-folds

- 18 smooth toric Fano 3-folds
- translate toric data to brane tilings
- known for 14 cases, first 4:
- $\mathbb{P}^3$ ,  $\mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$ ,  $d\mathbb{P}_1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$

# Summary

# Summary

- Have introduced Fano 3-folds into M theory backgrounds

# Summary

- Have introduced Fano 3-folds into M theory backgrounds
- 18 smooth toric Fano's



# Summary

- Have introduced Fano 3-folds into M theory backgrounds
- 18 smooth toric Fano's
- Find the CS brane tiling for 14 out of 18

# Summary

- Have introduced Fano 3-folds into M theory backgrounds
- 18 smooth toric Fano's
- Find the CS brane tiling for 14 out of 18
- Compute various properties

# Quantities Computed

# Quantities Computed

- Moduli Space of Vacua - CY4 over a Fano base

# Quantities Computed

- Moduli Space of Vacua - CY4 over a Fano base
- Hilbert Series - BPS KK spectrum

# Quantities Computed

- Moduli Space of Vacua - CY4 over a Fano base
- Hilbert Series - BPS KK spectrum
- Lattice of generators

# Quantities Computed

- Moduli Space of Vacua - CY4 over a Fano base
- Hilbert Series - BPS KK spectrum
- Lattice of generators
- Spectrum of R charges

Thank you