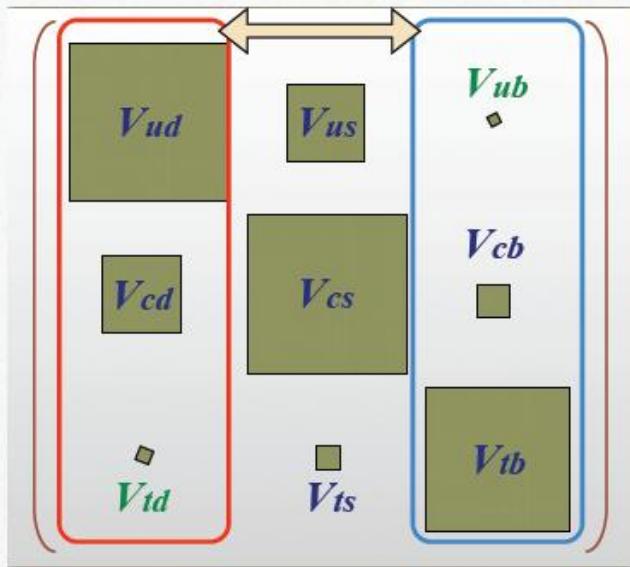


March 11, 2011
BSM mini-workshop
KIAS, Korea

Belle II vs. LHCb

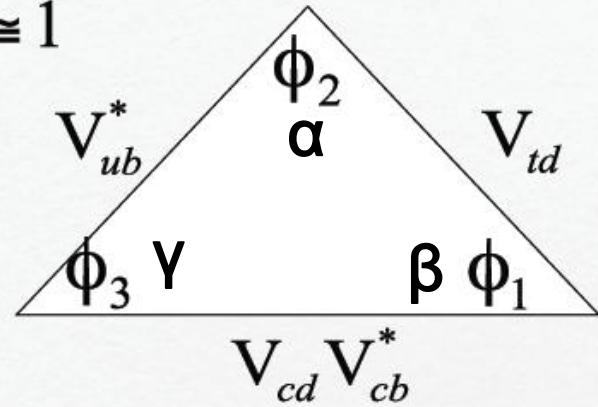
Kihyeon Cho
High Energy Physics Team
KISTI (Korea Institute of Science and Technology Information)

CKM Matrix



$$V_{ud}V_{ub}^* + V_{cd}V_{cb}^* + V_{td}V_{tb}^* = 0$$

$$V_{ud} \cong V_{tb} \cong 1$$



$\alpha \beta \gamma$
 $\alpha \beta \gamma$

Unitarity triangle angles

BABAR: β α γ

BELLE: ϕ_1 ϕ_2 ϕ_3

This talk: 易 難 魔

Z. Ligeti, from plenary talk @ ICHEP 2004

Heavy Flavor Experiments (2011.02)

	Belle/Belle II	CDF	LHCb
Year	1998–2010 (Belle) 2014 – (Belle II)	2001 –	2009 –
Place	KEK, Japan	Fermilab, USA	CERN, Europe
Collaboration	13/47/~300(Belle II) (Nat./Ins./member)	15/63/620	15/54/730
σ	1 nb (10GeV)	150 μ b (2TeV)	300~500 μ b (7~14TeV)
Current Luminosity	1 ab $^{-1}$	9 fb $^{-1}$	10 pb $^{-1}$

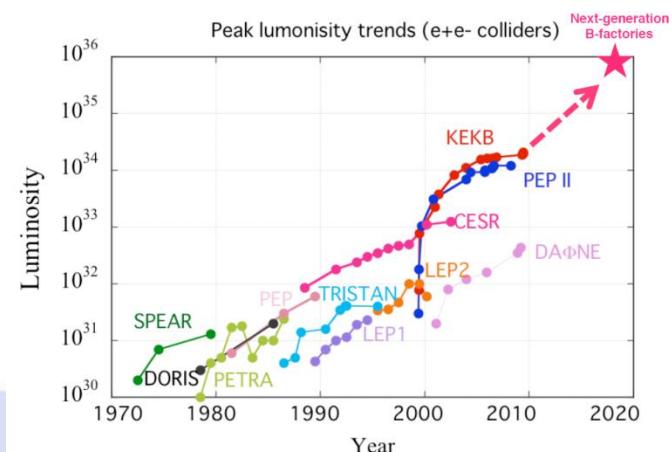
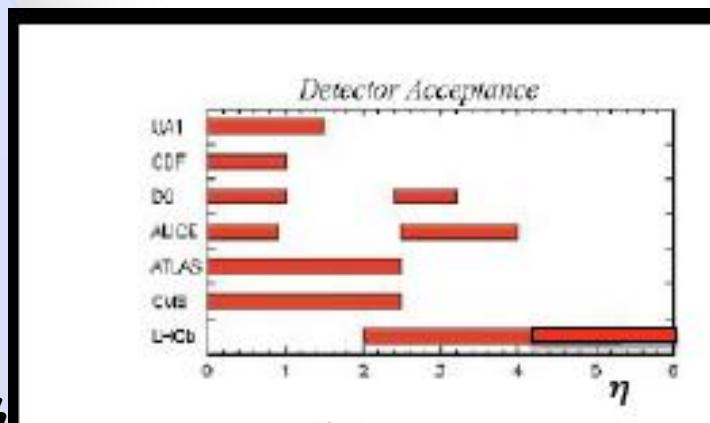


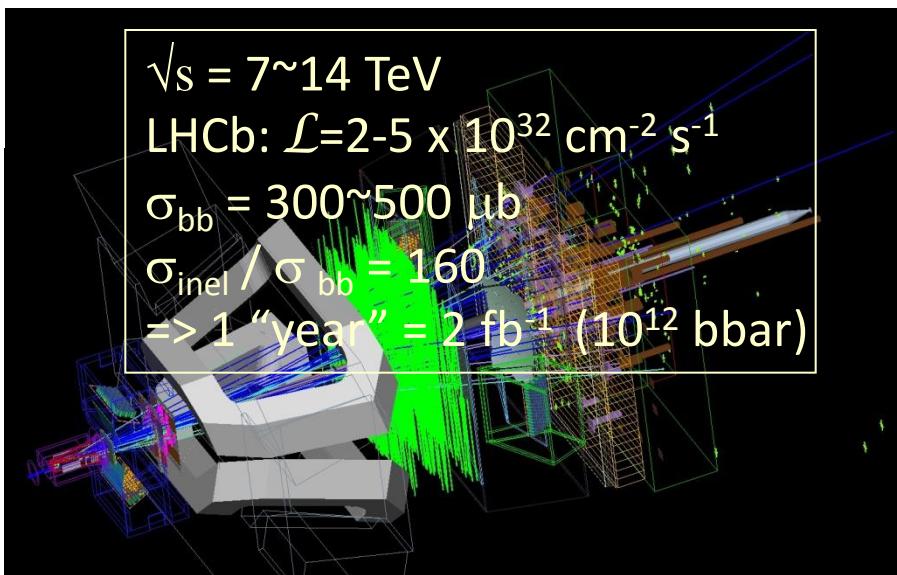
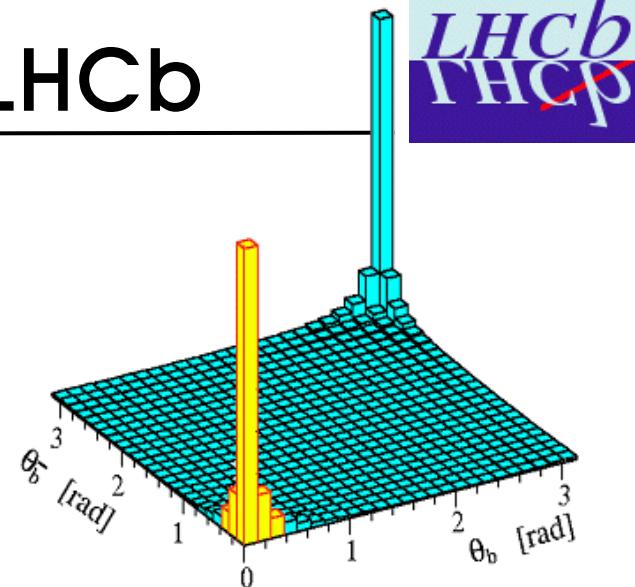
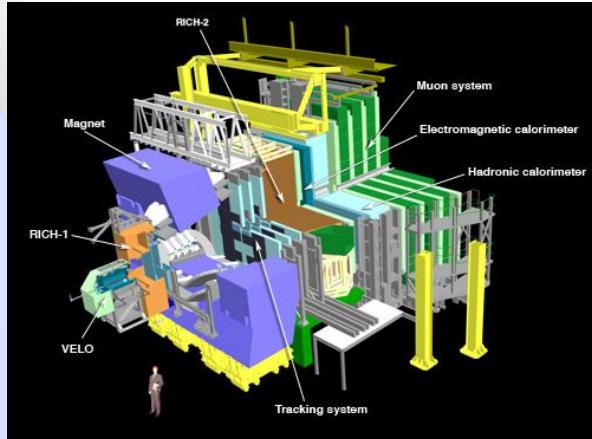
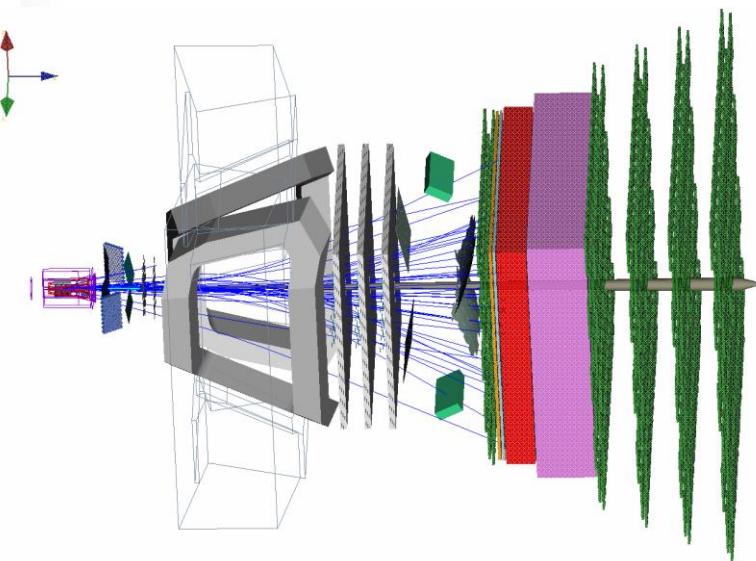
Table I. Some interesting observables. In the “present status” column, upper bounds are 90% CL.
 The expected experimental sensitivities are current estimates and may change in the future. In several processes the most interesting information will come from more detailed measurements that cannot be captured simply by a single number.

Not so near future!!

Observable	Approximate SM prediction	Present status	Uncertainty / number of events	
			Super-B (50 ab^{-1})	LHCb (10 fb^{-1})
$S_{\psi K}$	input	0.671 ± 0.024	0.005	0.01
$S_{\phi K}$	$S_{\psi K}$	0.44 ± 0.18	0.03	0.1
$S_{\eta' K}$	$S_{\psi K}$	0.59 ± 0.07	0.02	not studied
$\alpha(\pi\pi, \rho\rho, \rho\pi)$	α	$(89 \pm 4)^\circ$	2°	4°
$\gamma(DK)$	γ	$(70^{+27}_{-30})^\circ$	2°	3°
$S_{K^*\gamma}$	few $\times 0.01$	-0.16 ± 0.22	0.03	—
$S_{B_s \rightarrow \phi\gamma}$	few $\times 0.01$	—	—	0.05
$\beta_s(B_s \rightarrow \psi\phi)$	1°	$(22^{+10}_{-8})^\circ$	—	0.3°
$\beta_s(B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi)$	1°	—	—	1.5°
A_{SL}^d	-5×10^{-4}	$-(5.8 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-3}$	10^{-3}	10^{-3}
A_{SL}^s	2×10^{-5}	$(1.6 \pm 8.5) \times 10^{-3}$	$\mathcal{T}(5S)$ run?	10^{-3}
$ACP(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$	< 0.01	-0.012 ± 0.028	0.005	—
$ V_{cb} $	input	$(41.2 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3}$	1%	—
$ V_{ub} $	input	$(3.93 \pm 0.36) \times 10^{-3}$	4%	—
$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$	3.2×10^{-4}	$(3.52 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-4}$	4%	—
$B \rightarrow \tau\nu$	1×10^{-4}	$(1.73 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-4}$	5%	—
$B \rightarrow X_s \nu \bar{\nu}$	3×10^{-5}	$< 6.4 \times 10^{-4}$	only $K \nu \bar{\nu}$?	—
$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$	6×10^{-6}	$(4.5 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-6}$	6%	not studied
$B_s \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$	1×10^{-6}	< few %	$\mathcal{T}(5S)$ run?	—
$B \rightarrow X_s \tau^+ \tau^-$	5×10^{-7}	< few %	not studied	—
$B \rightarrow \mu\nu$	4×10^{-7}	< 1.3×10^{-6}	6%	—
$B \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$	5×10^{-8}	< 4.1×10^{-3}	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-4})$	—
$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	3×10^{-9}	< 5×10^{-8}	—	> 5σ in SM
$B \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	1×10^{-10}	< 1.5×10^{-8}	< 7×10^{-9}	not studied
$B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-$	1×10^{-6}	$(1 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-6}$	15k	36k
$B \rightarrow K \nu \bar{\nu}$	4×10^{-6}	< 1.4×10^{-5}	20%	—

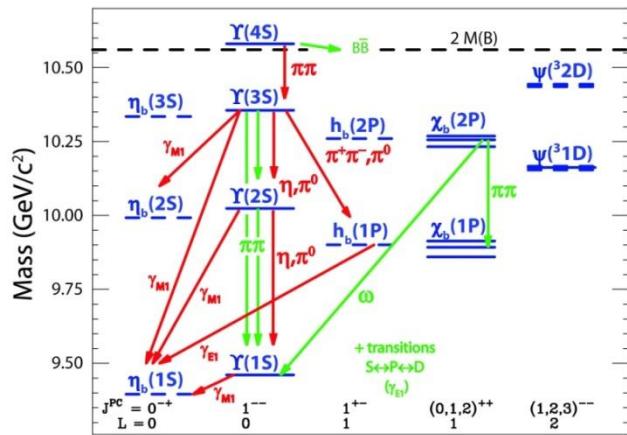
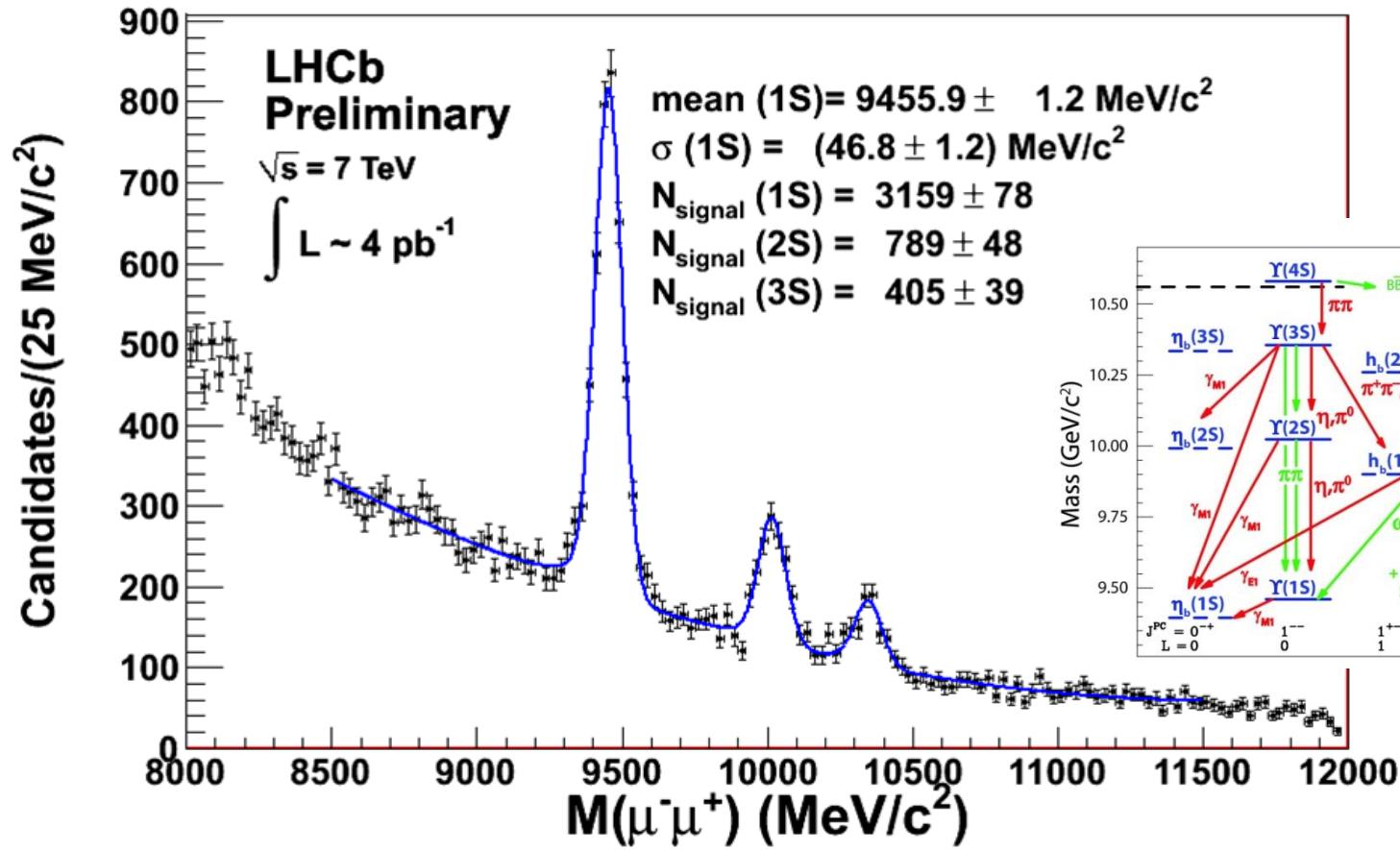
LHCb

Heavy Flavor Physics by LHCb

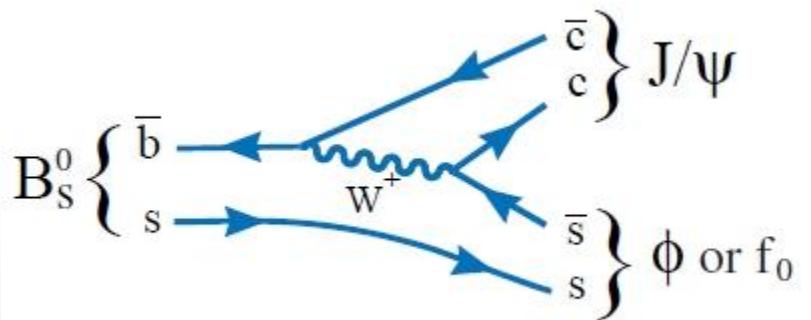


LHCb is a heavy flavour precision experiment searching for New Physics in **CP Violation** and **Rare Decays**.

B physics @ LHCb

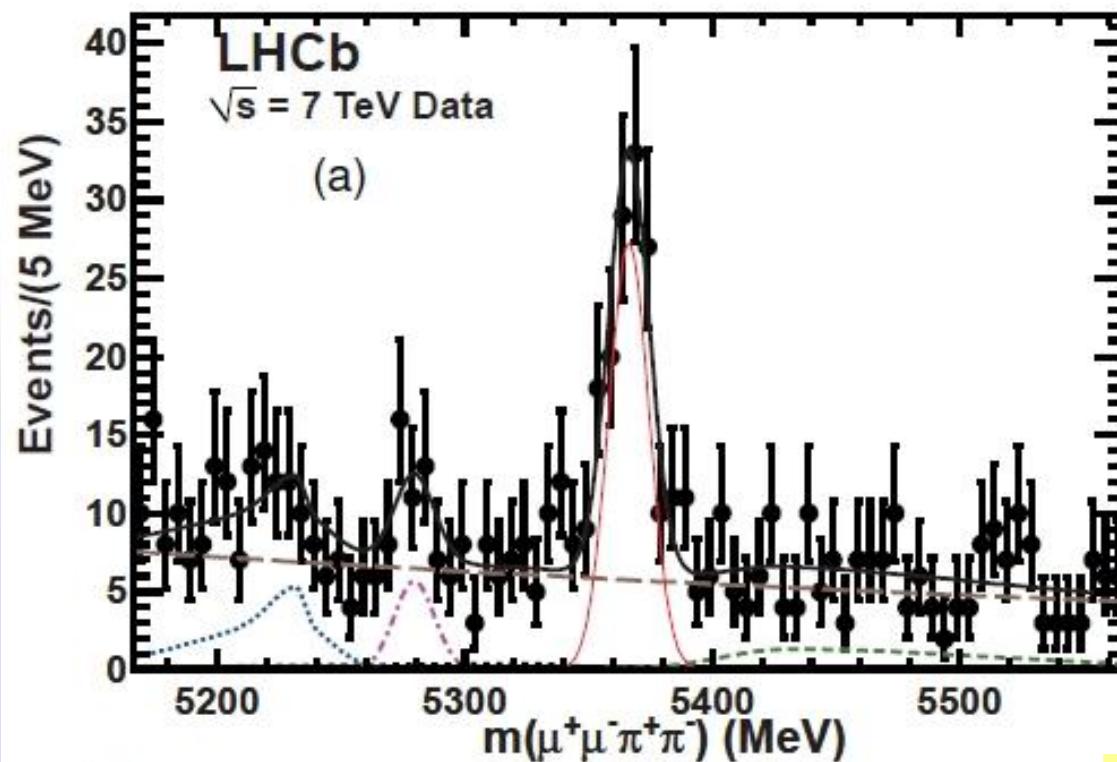


$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi f_0(980)$



$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi f_0(980)$

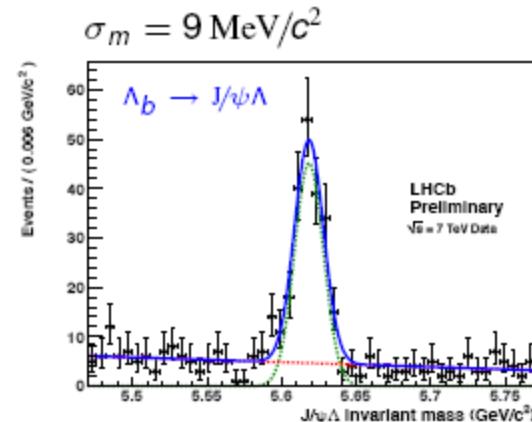
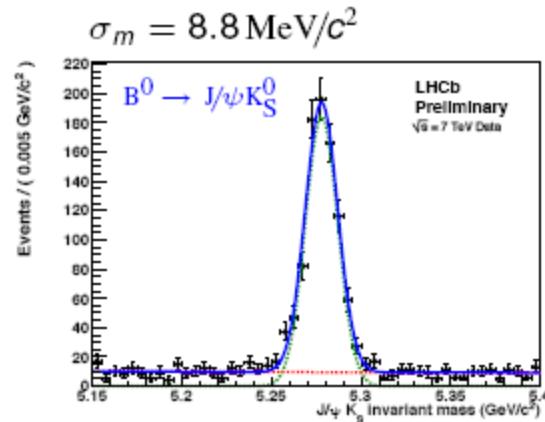
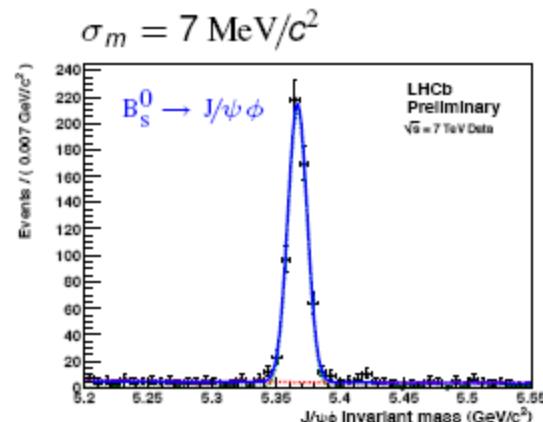
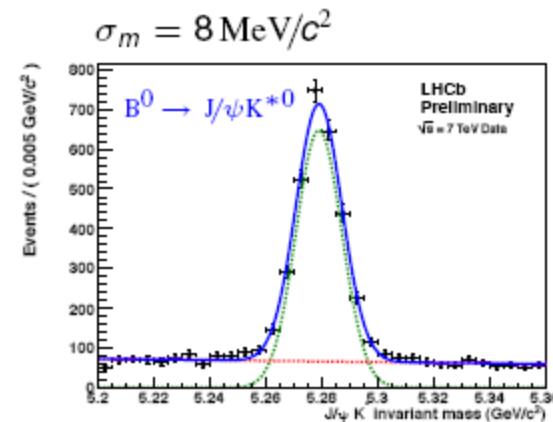
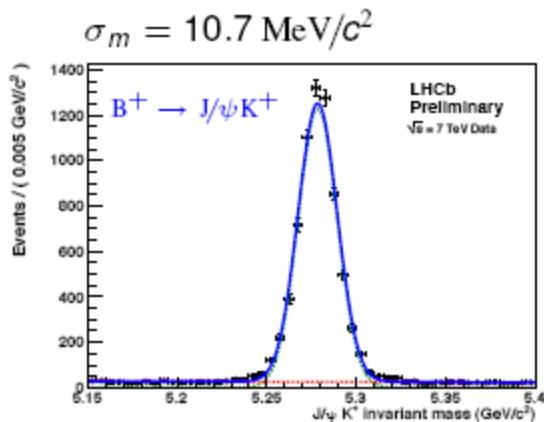
$f_0(980) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$



Selections

[LHCb-CONF-2011-001]

- Similar selection for all channels $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$, $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$, $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^{*0}$, $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0$ and $\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi\Lambda$ → cross-check and systematics
- Reconstruct $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$, then simple and small number of cuts
- No lifetime biasing cuts (IP, decay length, ...) → significant prompt background at small proper time
Plots with $t > 0.3$ ps, J/ψ mass constrained:



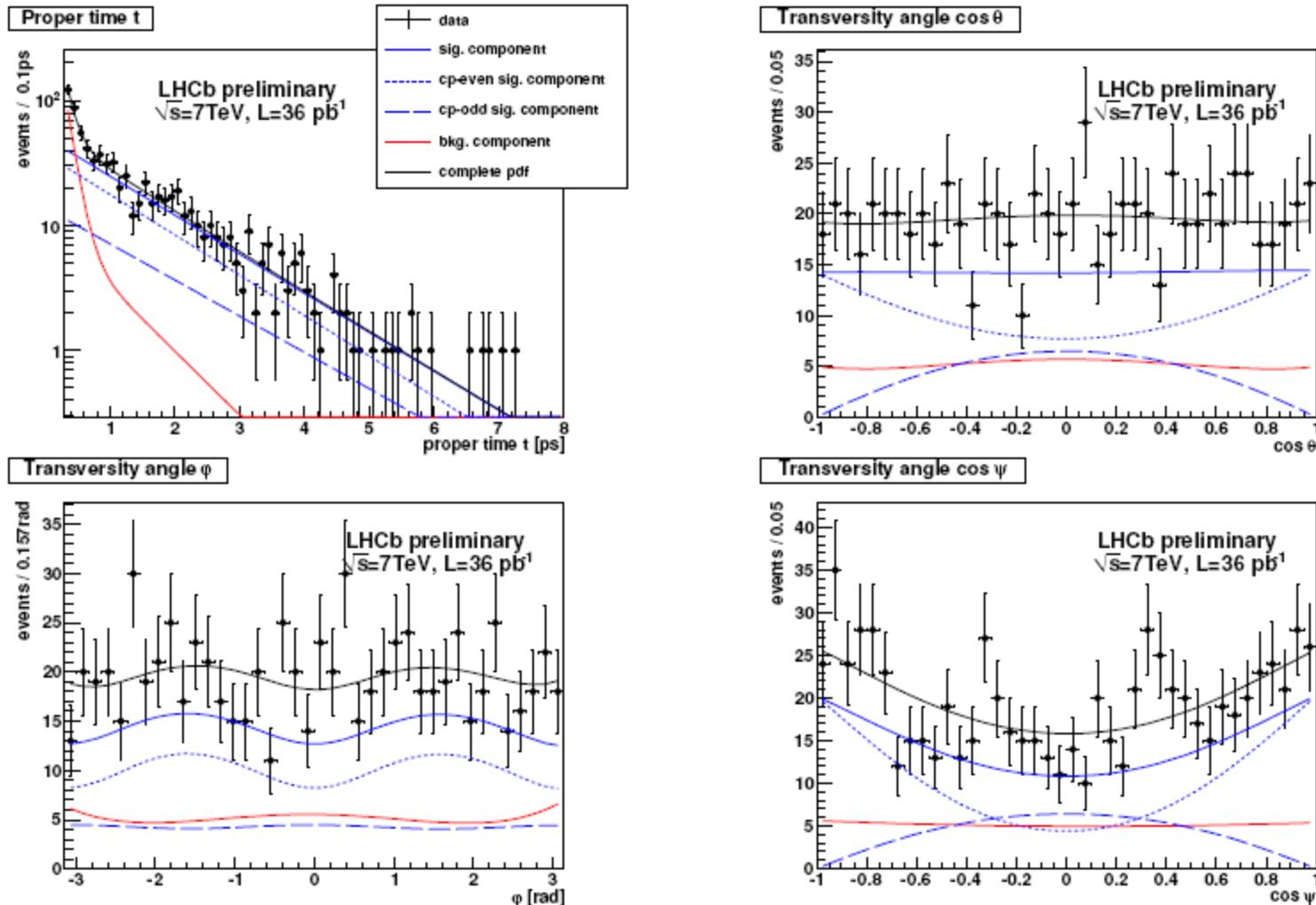
- Excellent mass resolution, very low background

Untagged angular analysis of $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ (ϕ_s fixed to 0)

[LHCb-CONF-2011-002]

5D unbinned likelihood fit ($m, t, \cos \theta, \varphi, \cos \psi$)

Projection on proper time and transversity angles:



$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma_s (\text{ps}^{-1}) &= 0.679 \pm 0.036(\text{stat}) \pm 0.027(\text{sys}) \\ \Delta\Gamma_s (\text{ps}^{-1}) &= 0.077 \pm 0.119(\text{stat}) \pm 0.021(\text{sys}) \\ |A_0|^2 &= 0.528 \pm 0.040(\text{stat}) \pm 0.028(\text{sys}) \\ |A_\perp|^2 &= 0.263 \pm 0.056(\text{stat}) \pm 0.014(\text{sys}) \\ \delta_{||} (\text{rad}) &= 3.14 \pm 0.52(\text{stat}) \pm 0.13(\text{sys})\end{aligned}$$

CDF note 10206:

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma_s (\text{ps}^{-1}) &= 0.653 \pm 0.011(\text{stat}) \pm 0.005(\text{syst}) \\ \Delta\Gamma_s (\text{ps}^{-1}) &= 0.075 \pm 0.035(\text{stat}) \pm 0.010(\text{syst}) \\ |A_0|^2 &= 0.524 \pm 0.013(\text{stat}) \pm 0.015(\text{syst})\end{aligned}$$

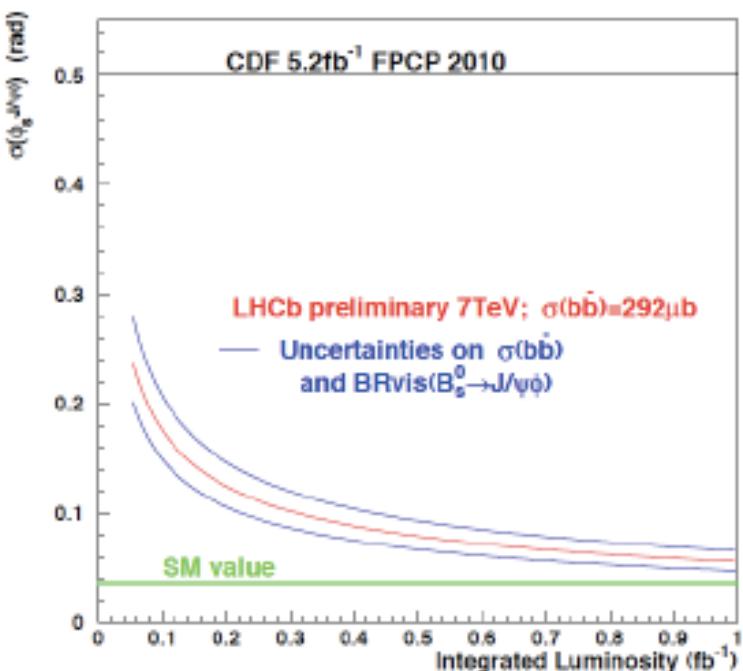
- Compatible with world best measurements
- Systematic uncertainties < statistical ones
- Will be competitive in 2011

CPV in $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$

Expected sensitivity:

MC performance:

- 50k events / fb^{-1} consistent with number of $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ candidates seen in data
- $\langle \sigma_t \rangle = 0.038 \text{ ps}$. Present resolution in data is ~ 1.6 worse but sufficient for $\Delta m_s \sim 17.7/\text{ps}$ (adds 30% dilution to the sensitivity)
- Tagging performance $\varepsilon D^2 = 6.2\%$ will be tested with more data



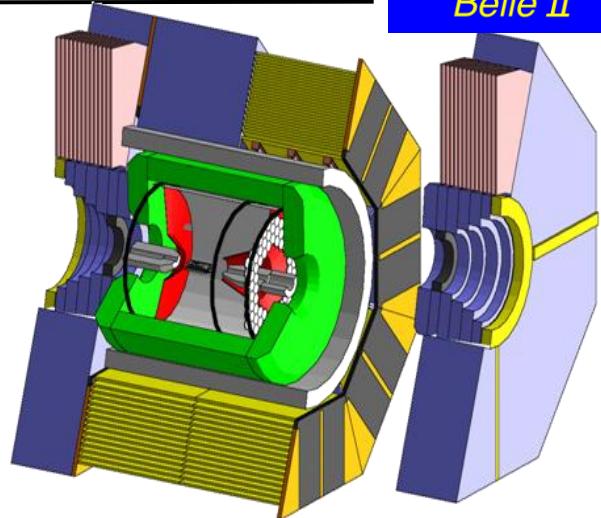
Belle II



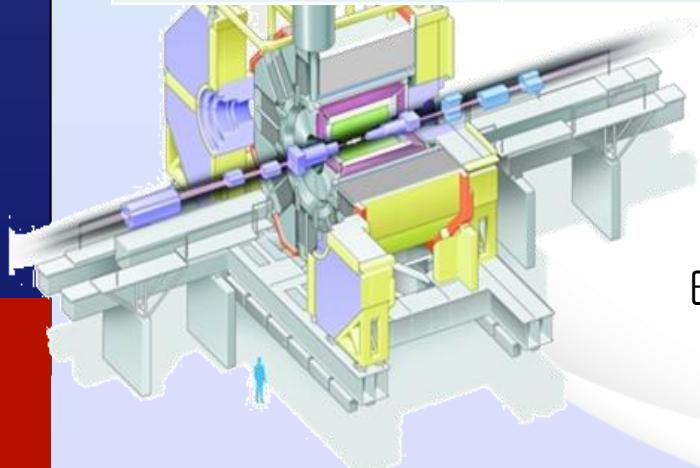
Belle vs. Belle II



Belle	Content	Belle II
1998~2010	Time Schedule	2014~
8 X 3.5 GeV	Energy	7 X 4 GeV
1 ab ⁻¹	Luminosity	50 ab ⁻¹
1 Billion	BBbar events	50 Billion
CP measurement	Goal	New Physics



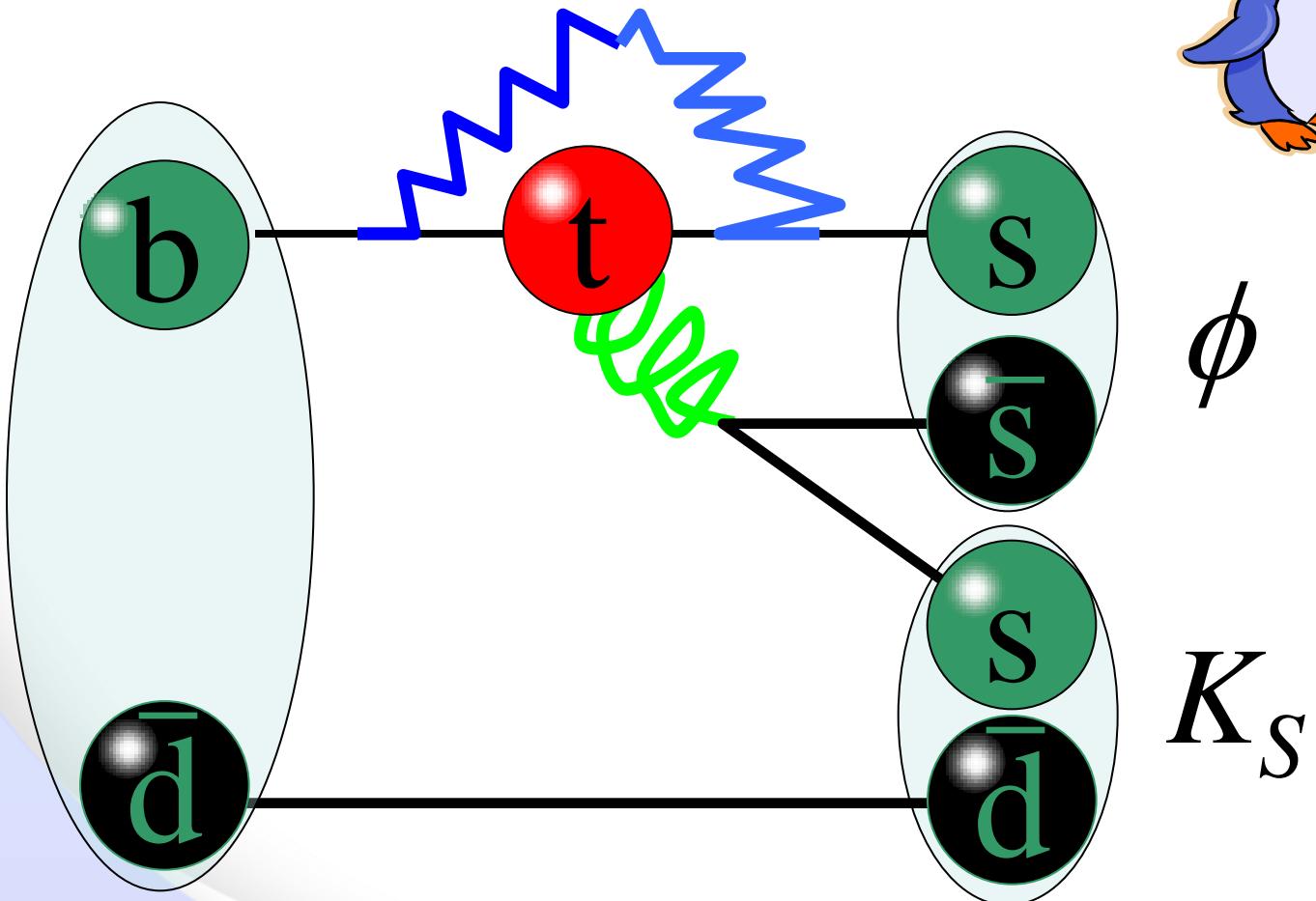
Belle II



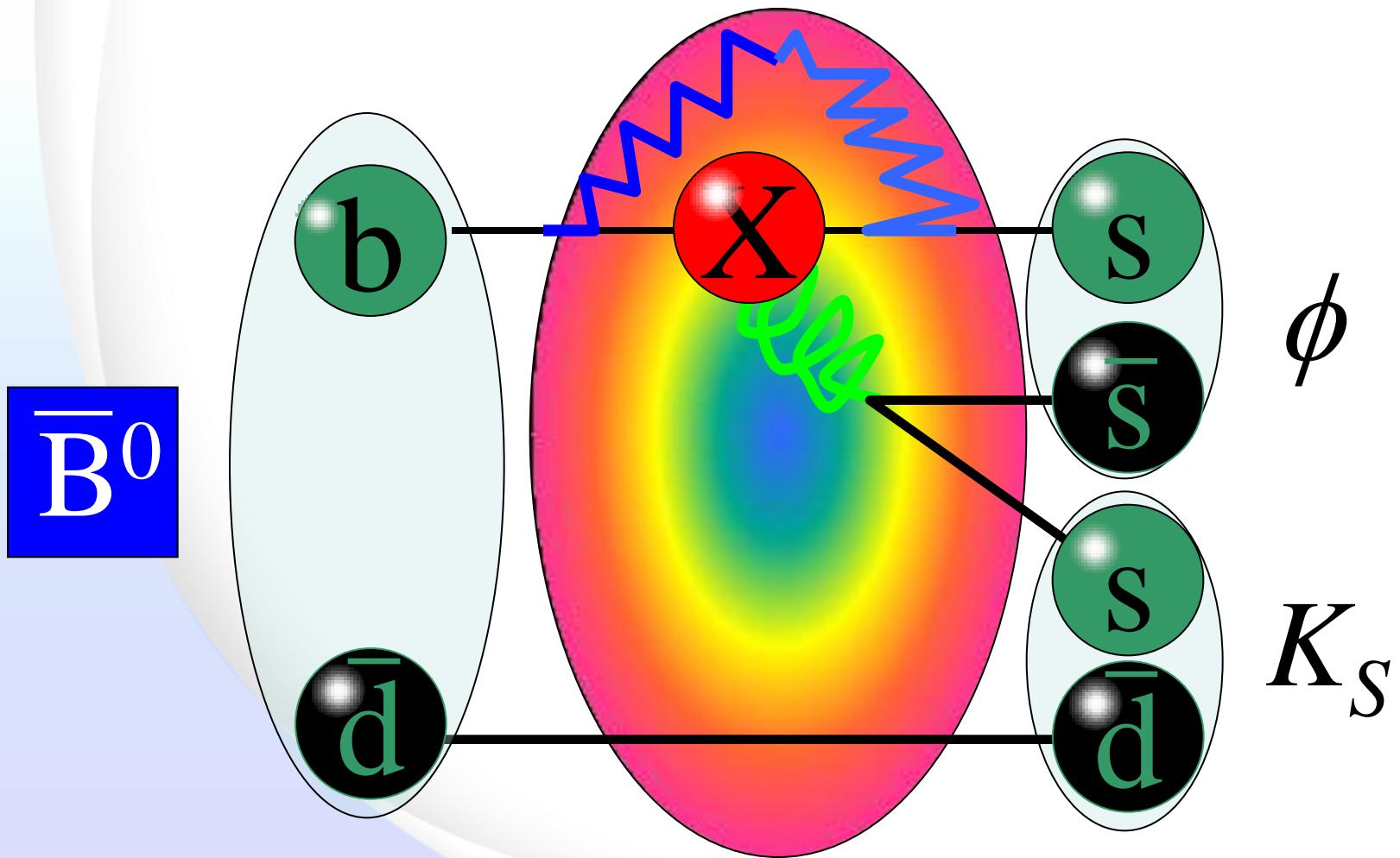
Belle

To handle 50 times more data and grid farms
=> New Data Handling System

Penguin diagram



If a new particle X exists...



This measurement is sensitive to
new physics such as SUSY.

Physics at Belle II

New source of
CP violation

New source of
flavor mixing

LFV τ decays

Precision test
of KM scheme

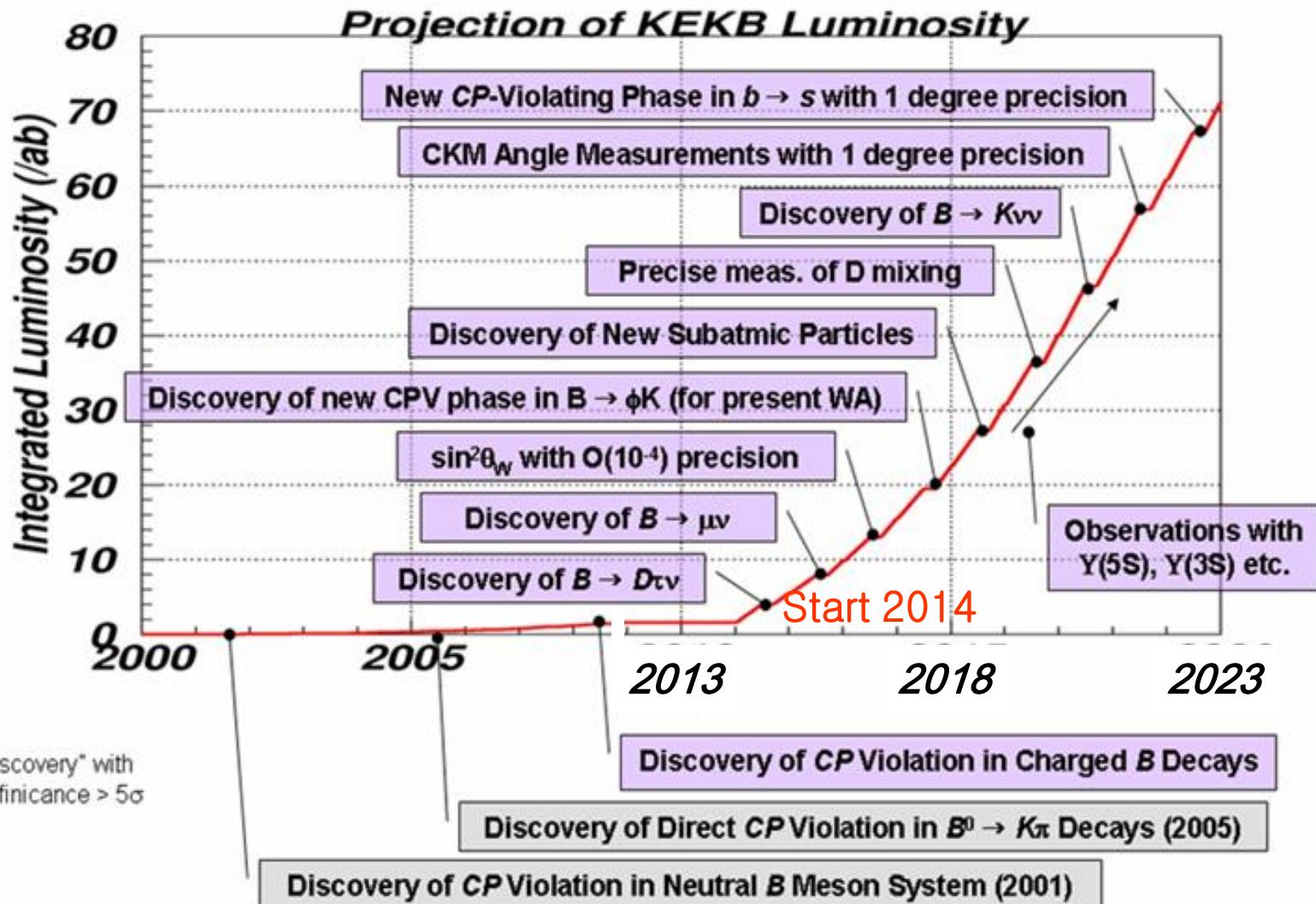
Charm physics

New resonances,
 $D^0\bar{D}^0$ mixing...

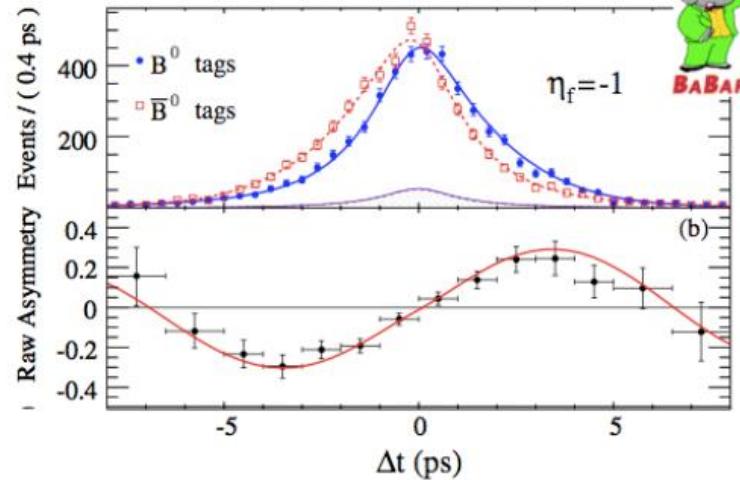
SUSY breaking
mechanism

Super-high statistics
measurements:
 α_S , $\sin^2\theta_W$, etc.

Luminosity vs. Physics

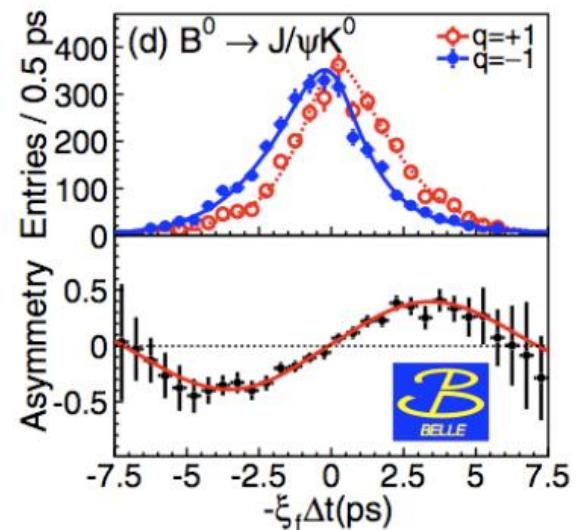
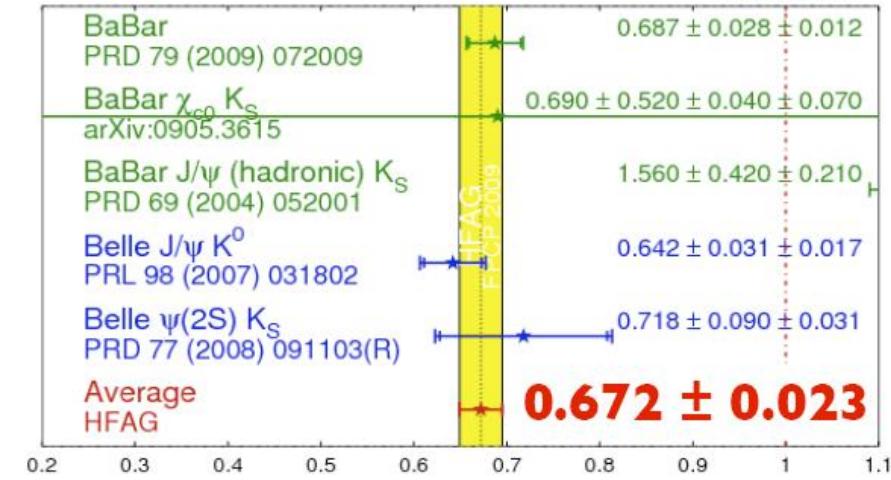


$\sin 2\phi_1$



$$\sin(2\beta) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1)$$

HFAG
FPCP 2009
PRELIMINARY



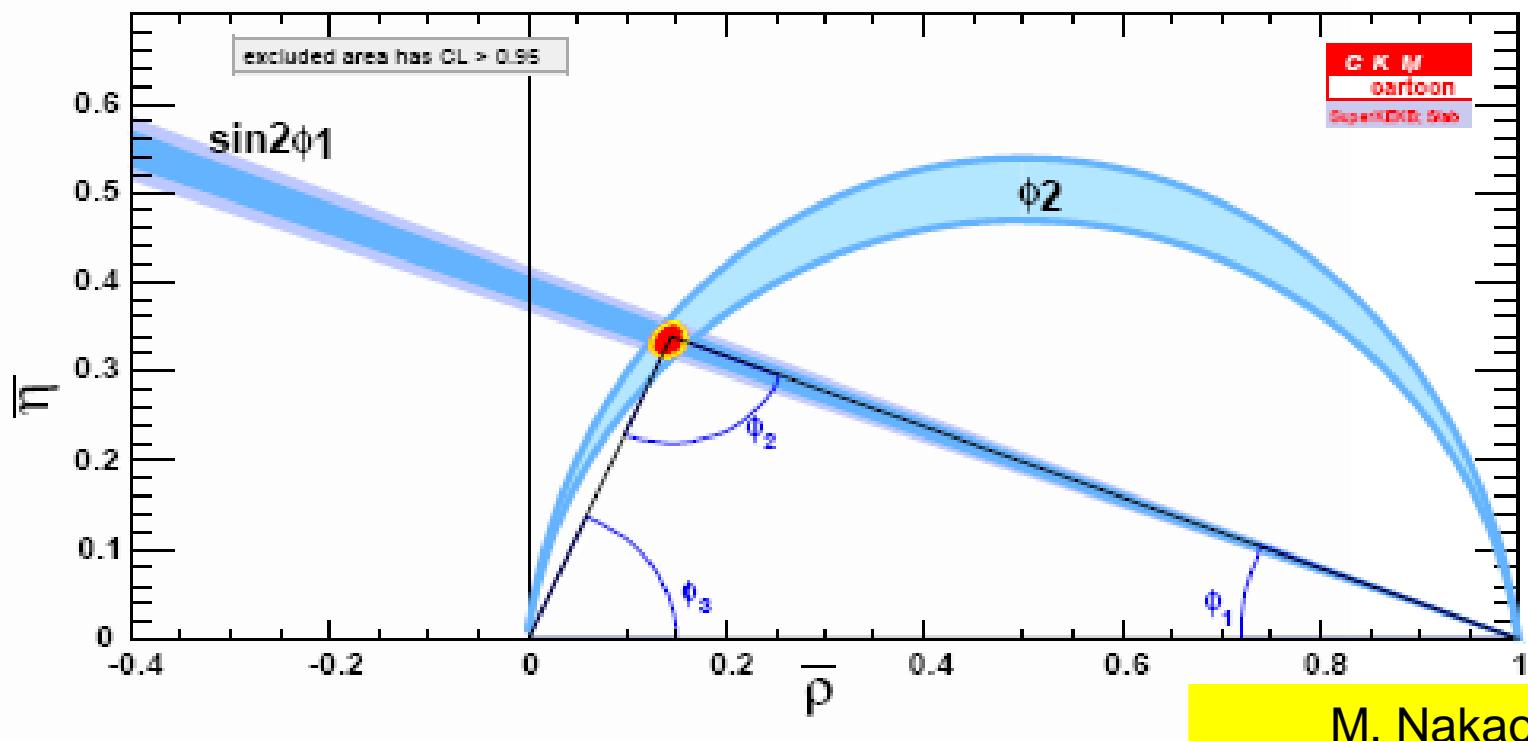
Prospects on ϕ_1

(10 ab⁻¹)

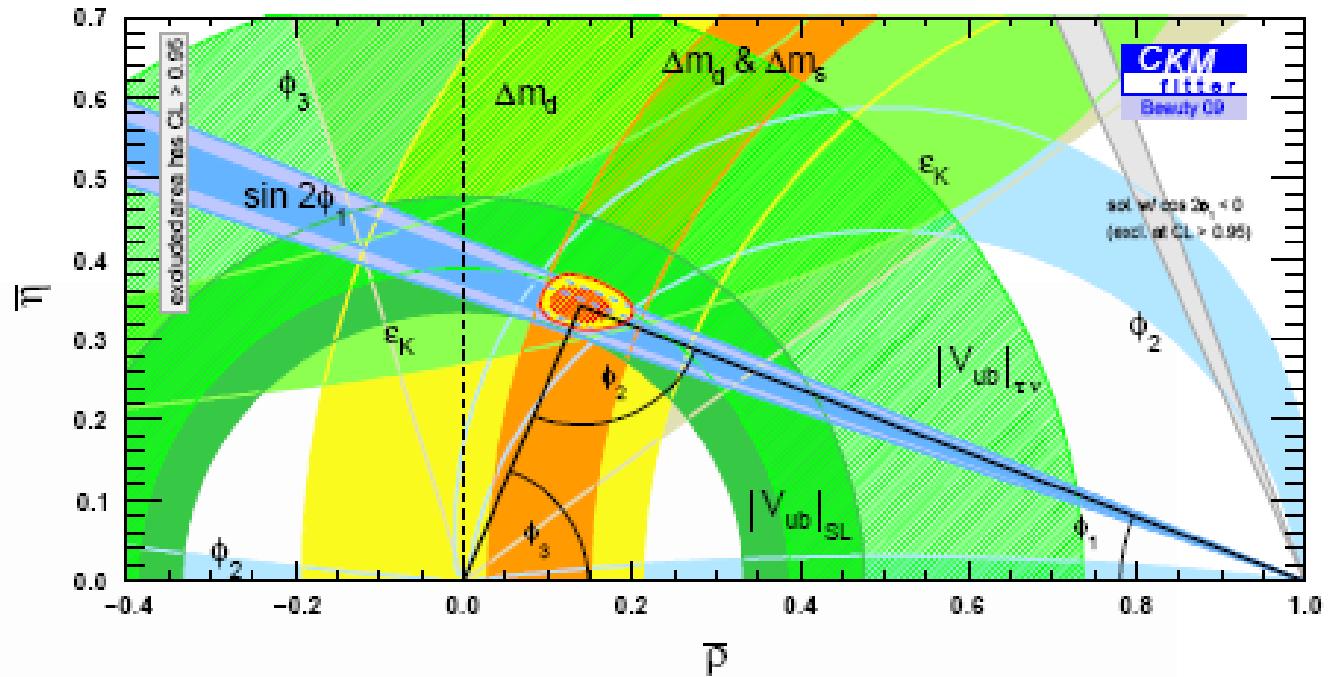
$\delta \sin 2\phi_1 \sim \pm 0.007 \pm 0.012$
(~theory error limit)

(5 ab⁻¹)

$\delta\phi_2 \sim 2^\circ$
(~theory error limit)

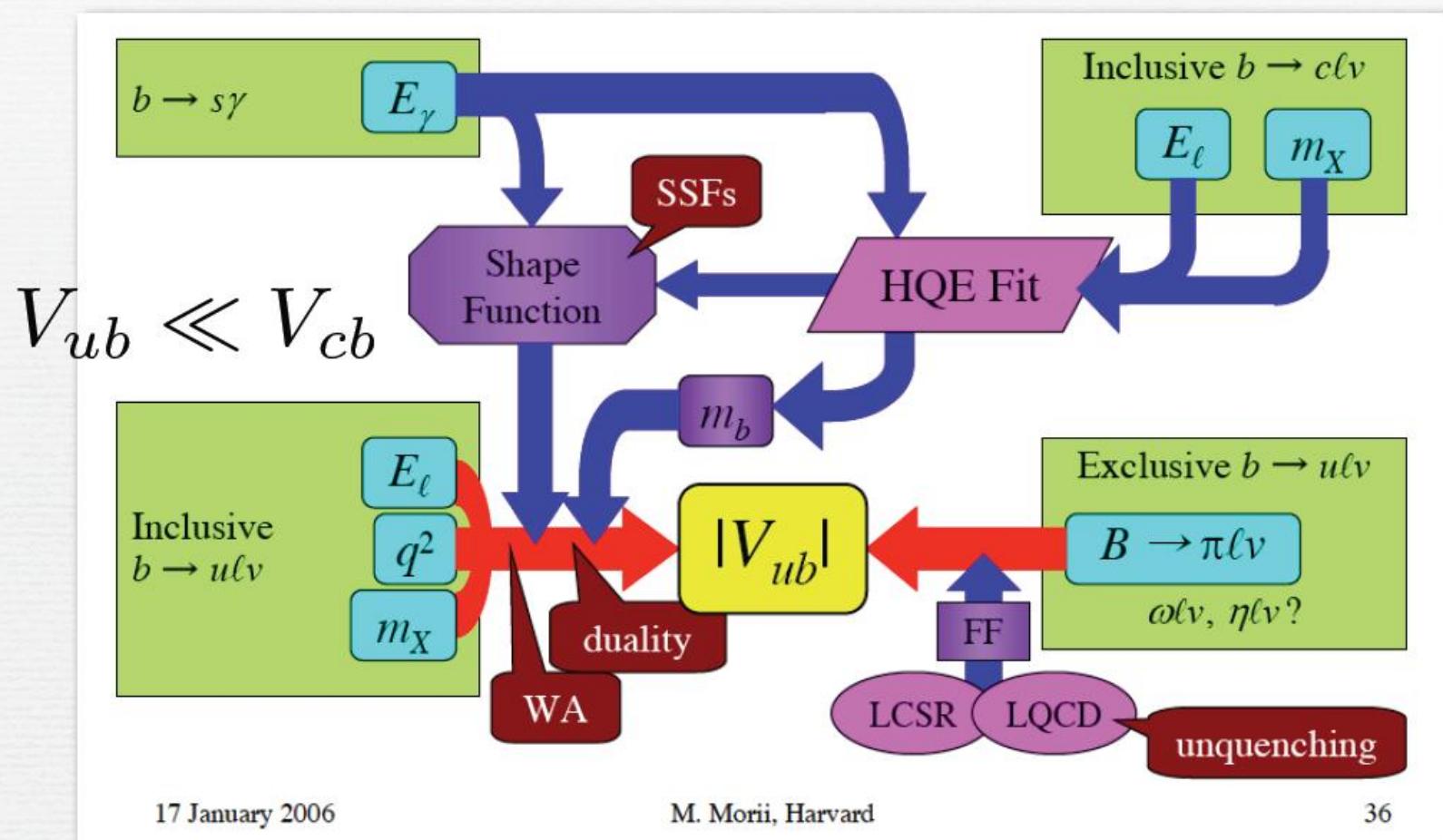


$|V_{ub}|$ determination

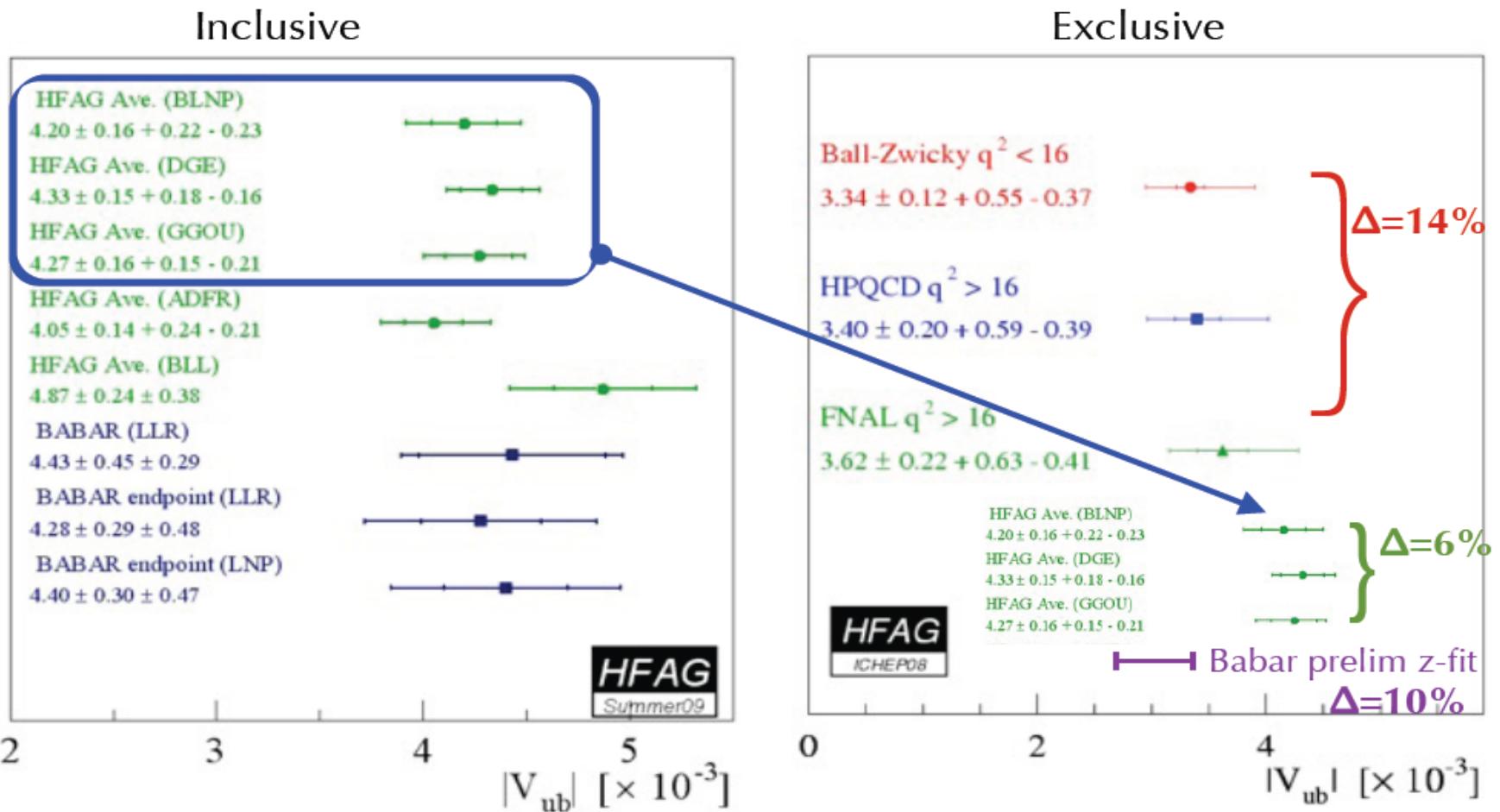


- Tree amplitude dominates — SM contribution only
 - reliable reference in searches for non-SM effects
- Theory machinery needed to compute $N_{\text{signal}} \Rightarrow \mathcal{B} \Rightarrow |V_{ub}|$
(very active interaction between theory and experiment communities)

Roadmap for V_{ub} - “Morri’s chart”



$|V_{ub}|$ summary Inclusive vs. Exclusive



Exclusive < Inclusive $\sim 1\text{-}2\sigma$, Greater discrepancy with z-fit.

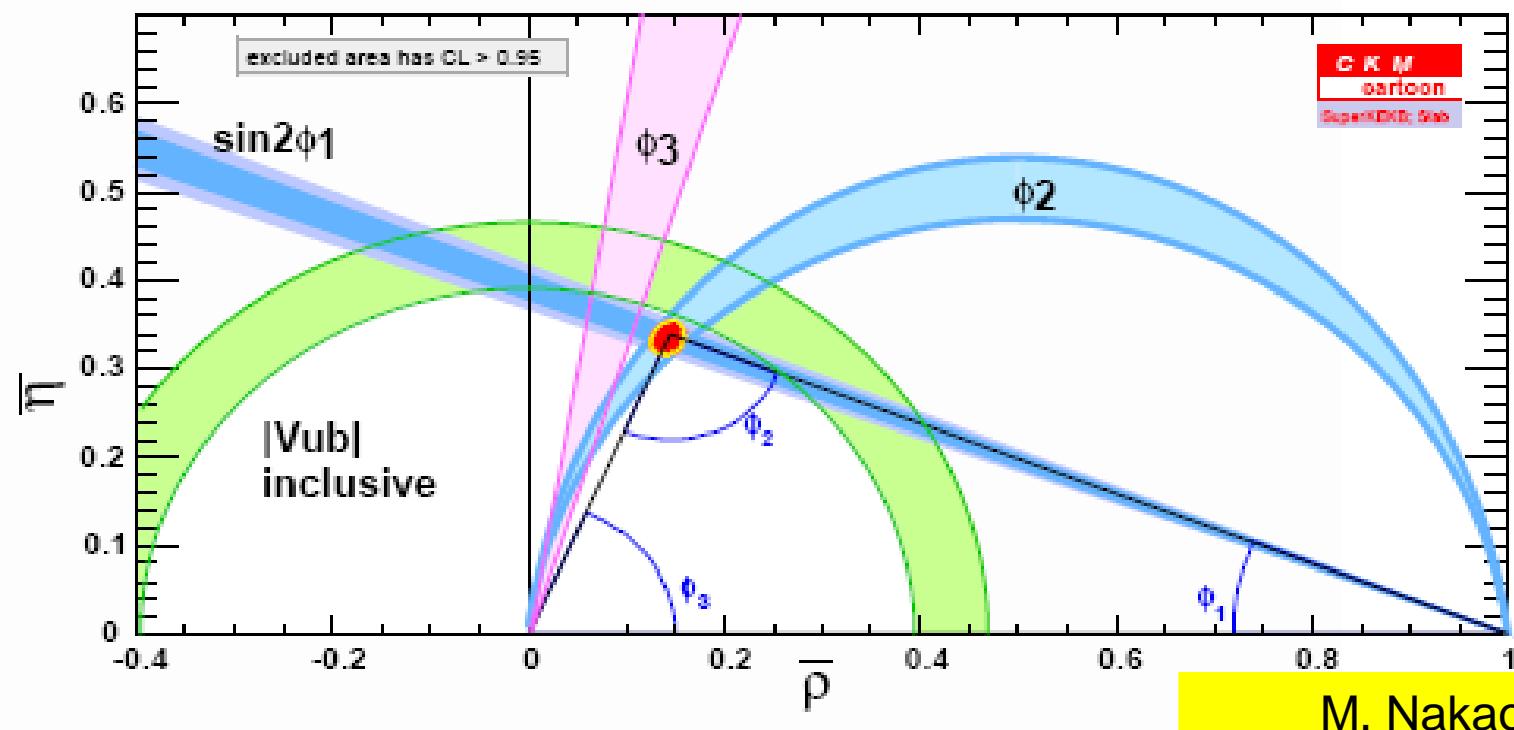


Prospects on $|V_{ub}|$

(50 ab^{-1})
 $\delta|V_{ub}| \sim \pm 2\%$
 (~theory error limit)

(50 ab^{-1})
 $\delta\phi_3 \sim 2^\circ$
 (~theory error limit)

Highlights from recent Belle results — Mikiyo Nakao — p20



M. Nakao

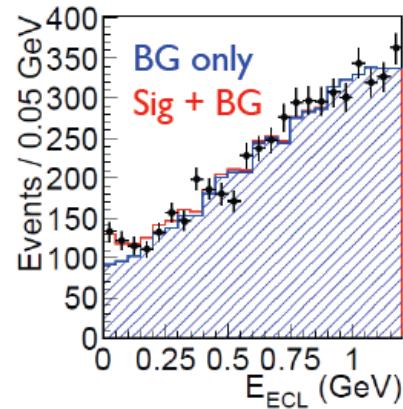
$B \rightarrow \tau\nu$

- Evidence obtained at the B factories.



Example w/ semileptonic tag, 657M BB
PRD**82**:071101 (2010)

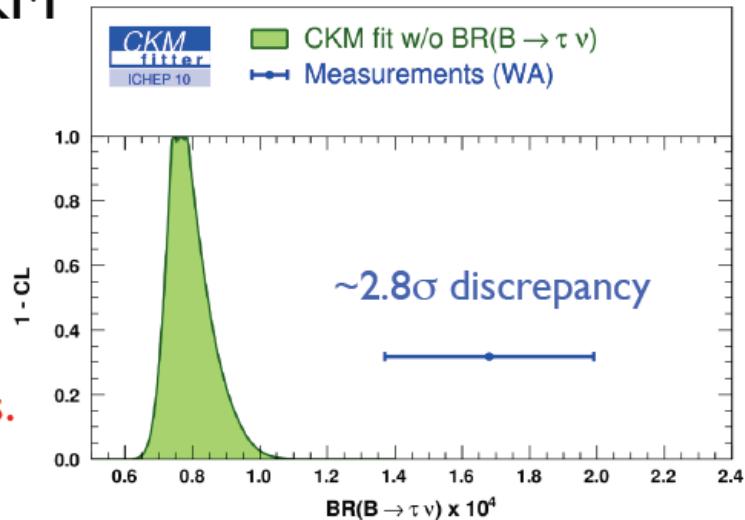
$$\mathcal{B}(B^- \rightarrow \tau^-\bar{\nu}_\tau) = (1.54^{+0.38}_{-0.37}(\text{stat})^{+0.29}_{-0.31}(\text{syst})) \times 10^{-4}$$



- Tension between the global CKM fit and direct measurement.

Better measurement of $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$ may reveal source of the tension.

Tag-side information is vital for $\geq 2\nu$'s.

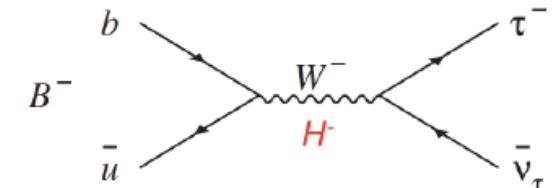


B \rightarrow $\tau\nu$ at Belle II

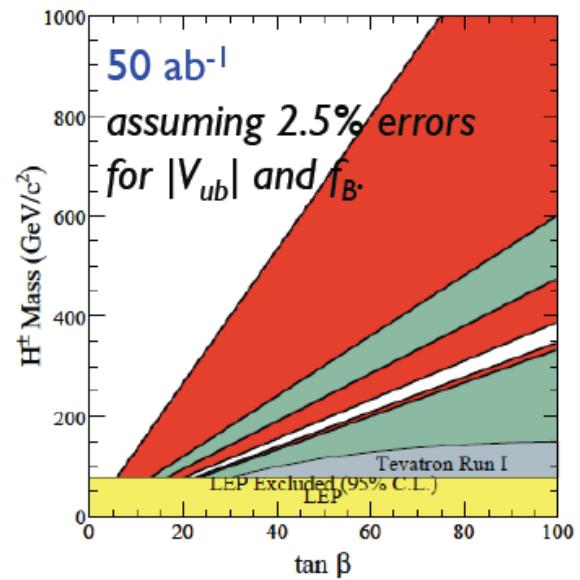
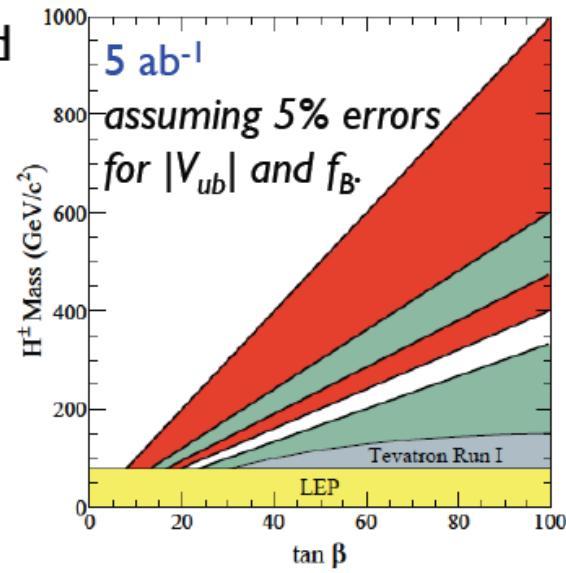
- In Two-Higgs Doublet Model (THDM) Type II, the branching ratio of B \rightarrow $\tau\nu$ can be modified.

$$\mathcal{B}(B^- \rightarrow \tau^- \nu) = \mathcal{B}_{\text{SM}}(B^- \rightarrow \tau^- \nu) \left[1 - \frac{m_B^2}{m_{H^\pm}^2} \tan \beta^2 \right]^2$$

Constrains on H $^\pm$ mass and $\tan \beta$ can be obtained.



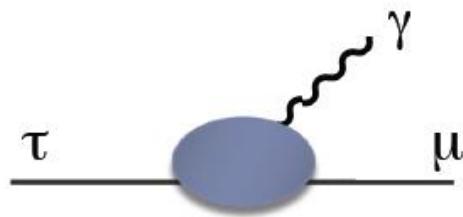
█ 5 σ discovery region
█ current 95% exclusion



Decays of τ

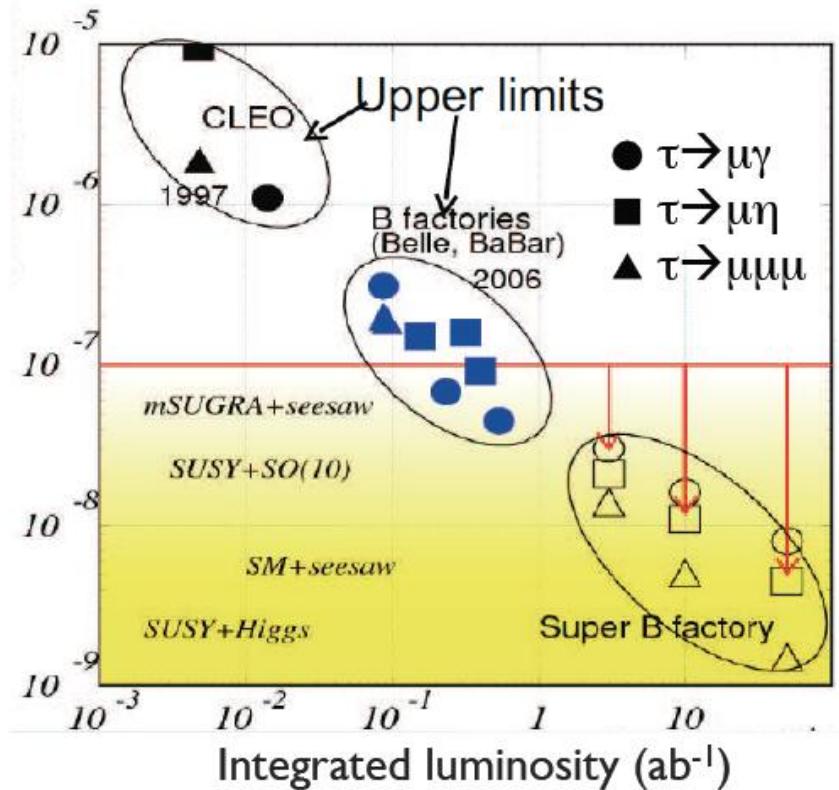
Example: $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$

- Can be enhanced by the effects of new physics in the loop diagram.



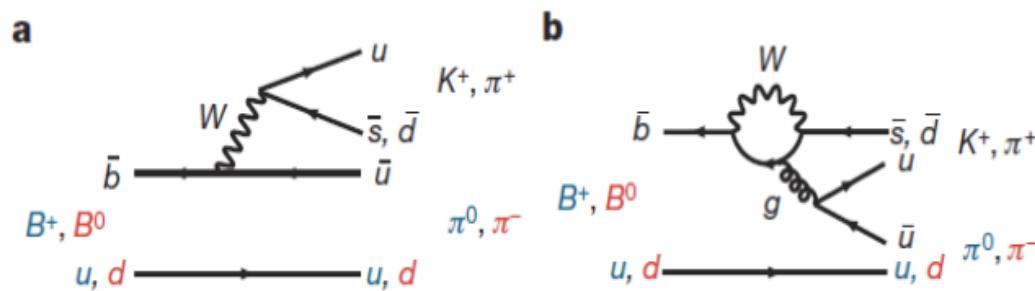
model	$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma)$
mSUGRA+seesaw	10^{-7}
SUSY+SO(10)	10^{-8}
SM+seesaw	10^{-9}
Non-Universal Z'	10^{-9}
SUSY+Higgs	10^{-10}

Belle II provides good sensitivities on the τ decays.



$B \rightarrow K\pi$

If the only diagrams are **a** and **b**, we expect $\Delta\mathcal{A} \equiv \mathcal{A}_{K^\pm\pi^0} - \mathcal{A}_{K^\pm\pi^\mp} = 0$



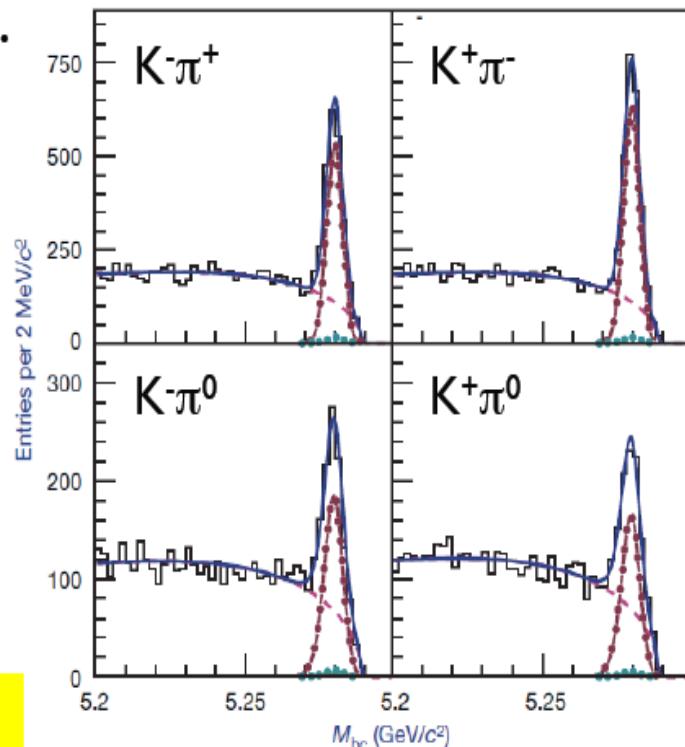
However, significant difference is obtained.

$$\Delta\mathcal{A} = +0.164 \pm 0.037$$

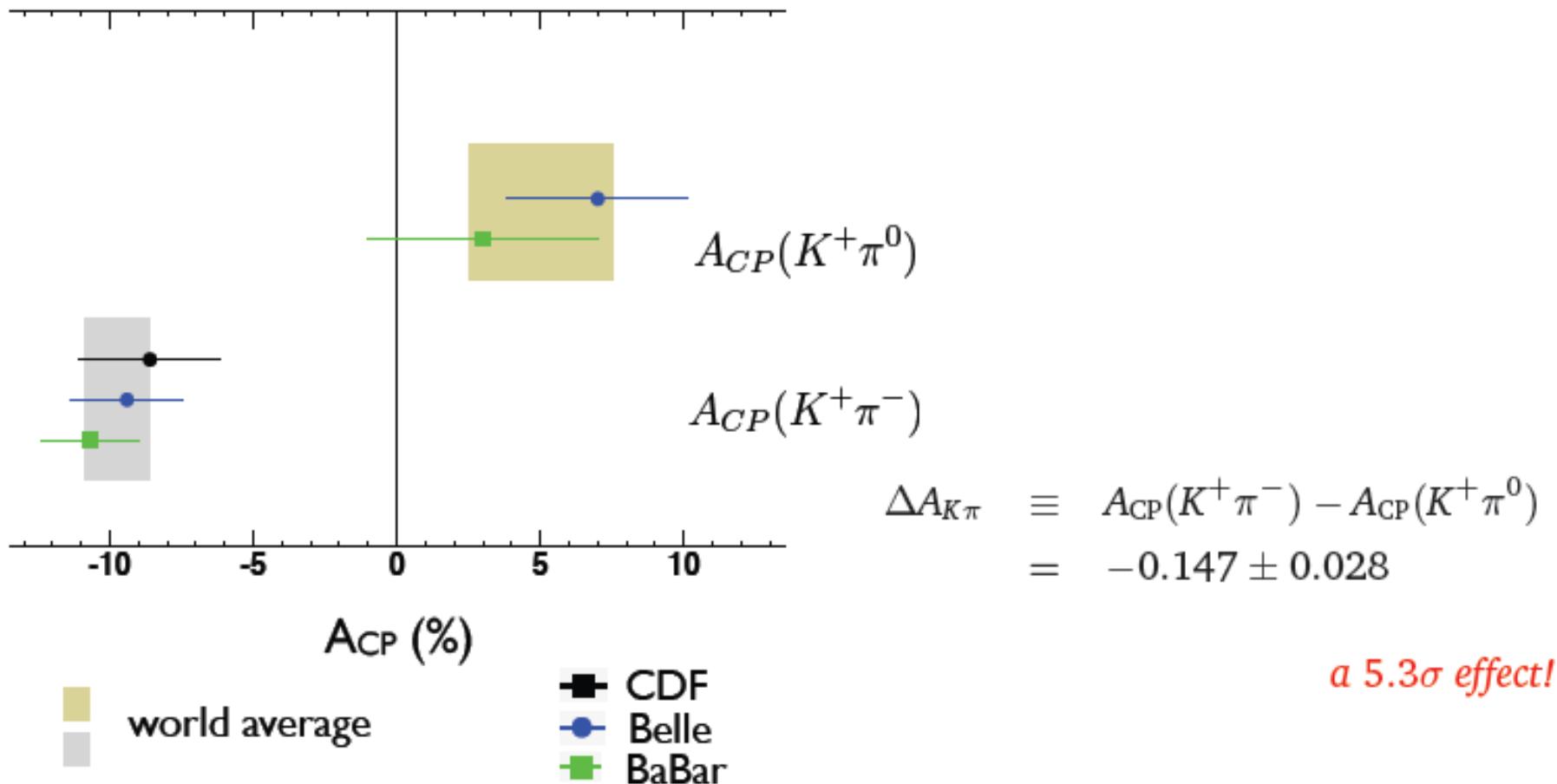


$B \rightarrow K\pi$ w/ 535M BB
Nature **452**, 332 (2008).

Missing diagrams?
Large theoretical uncertainty...



$A_{CP}(K\pi)$ current status

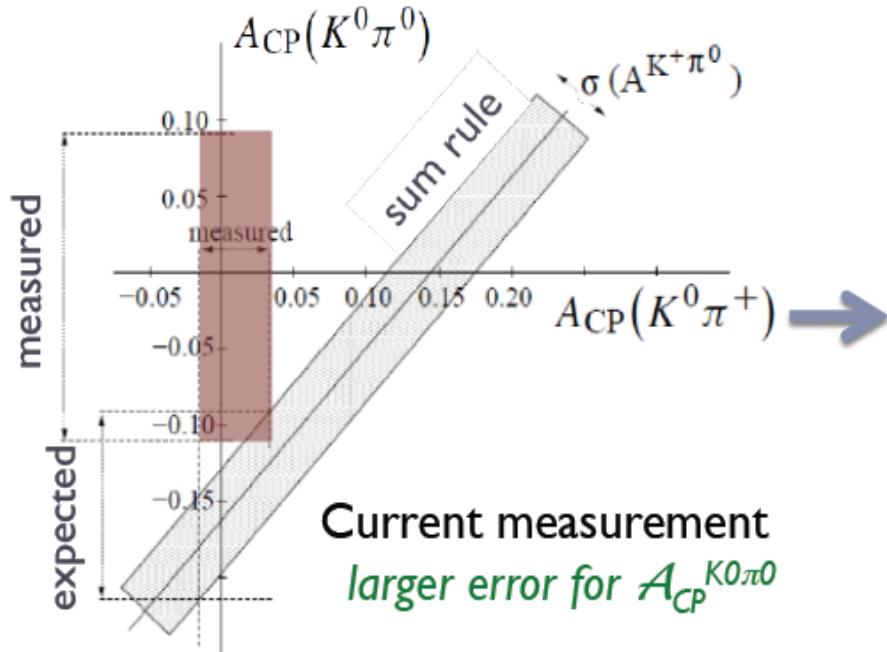


CPV for $B \rightarrow K\pi$ at Belle II

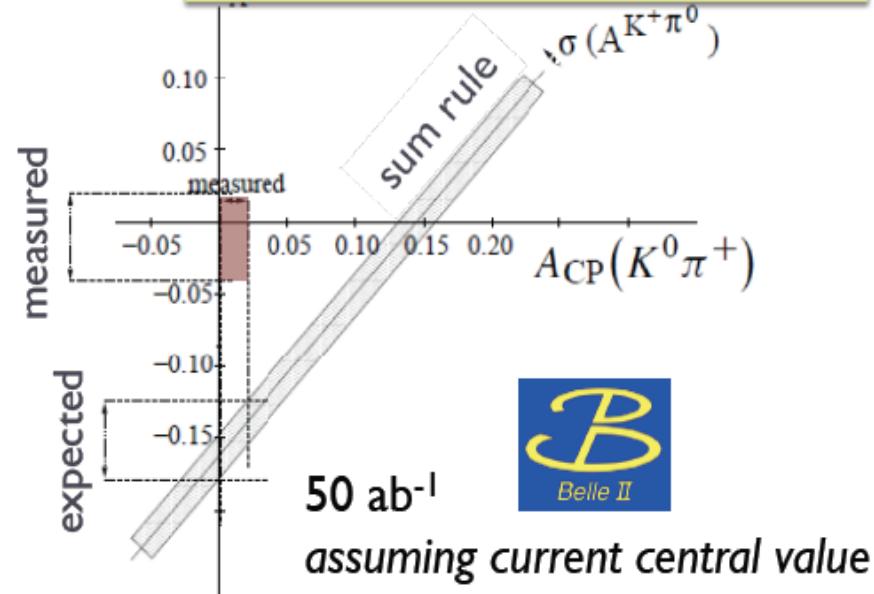
- We can compare to a model-independent sum rule:

$$A_{CP}(K^+\pi^-) + A_{CP}(K^0\pi^+) \frac{\mathcal{B}(K^0\pi^+)}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-)} \frac{\tau_0}{\tau_+}$$
$$= A_{CP}(K^+\pi^0) \frac{2\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^0)}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-)} \frac{\tau_0}{\tau_+} + A_{CP}(K^0\pi^0) \frac{2\mathcal{B}(K^0\pi^0)}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-)}$$

Can be represented as diagonal band
(slope precisely known from \mathcal{B} and lifetimes):

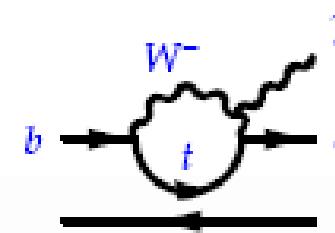


Belle II provides a good environment for the all neutral final state ($K^0\pi^0$).

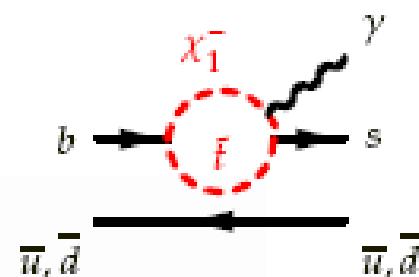
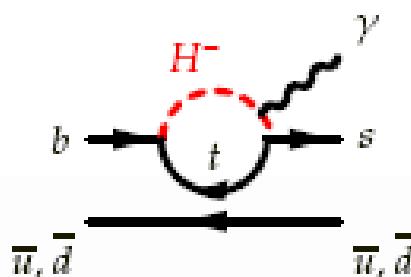


Radiative and Electroweak Penguin Decays

Sensitive to BSM physics: charged Higgs, SUSY, extra dim., ...



$b \rightarrow s\gamma$



- Inclusive branching fraction
- (Photon spectrum — heavy quark parameters for V_{ub})[†]
- (Time-dependent CPV — non-SM right handed current)[†]

$b \rightarrow s\ell^+\ell^-$

- Forward backward asymmetry
- Inclusive (differential) branching fraction
- (More observables)[†]

([†] not

M. Nakao

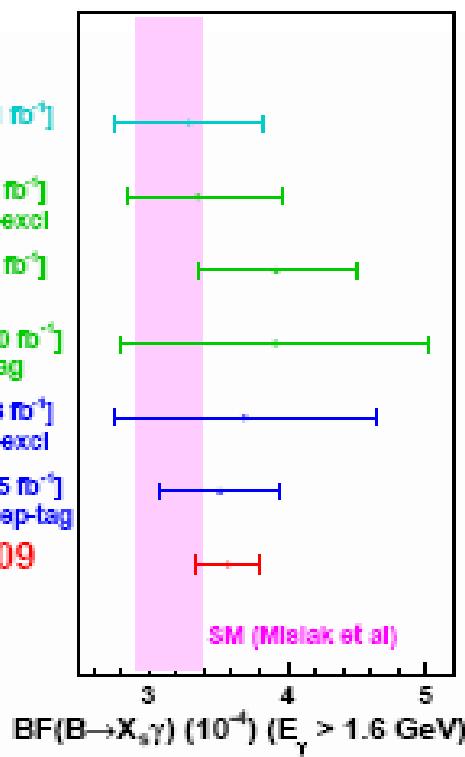


$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_s\gamma)$

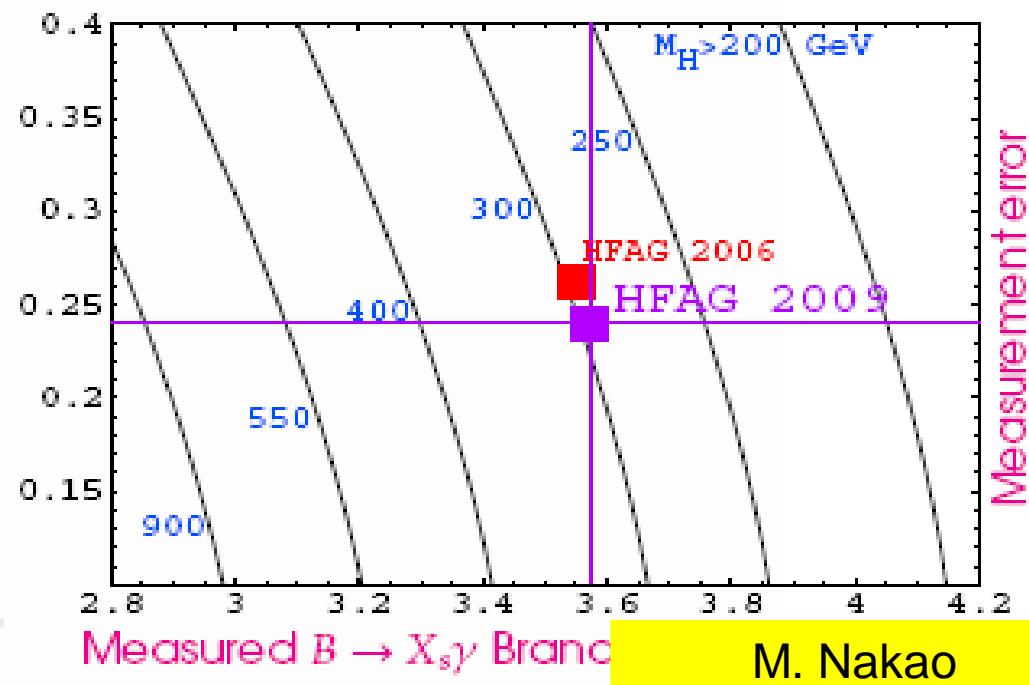
HFAG: $\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_s\gamma) = (3.57 \pm 0.24) \times 10^{-4}$ (for $E_\gamma > 1.6$ GeV)

VS

SM: $\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_s\gamma) = (3.15 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-4}$ (for $E_\gamma > 1.6$ GeV)



Charged Higgs bound (2HDM)
 $m_{H^+} > 300$ GeV



More penguin modes @ KISTI



● $B \rightarrow \phi \pi$

- Pure EW penguin mode

- SM Br $\sim \mathcal{O}(10^{-8})$

- Babar with 232M BB:

- $UL(\phi \pi^+) < \underline{2.4 \times 10^{-7} \text{ @90\%CL}}$

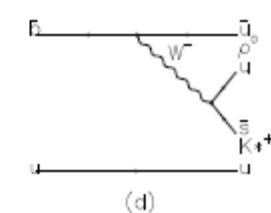
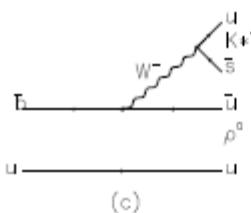
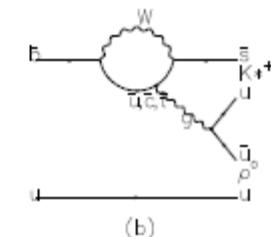
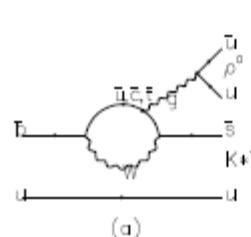
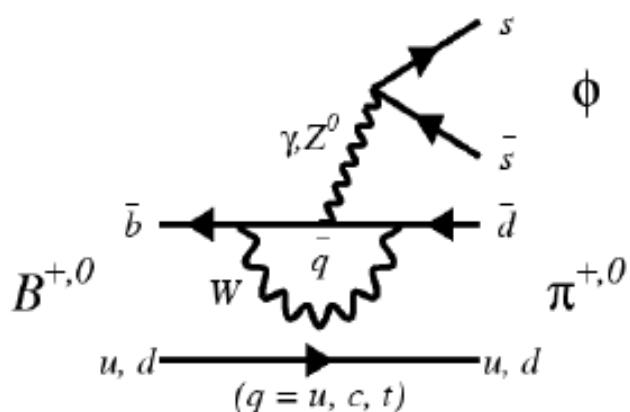
- $UL(\phi \pi^0) < \underline{2.8 \times 10^{-7} \text{ @90\%CL}}$

- Draft is almost ready.

● $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 K^{*+}$

- Penguin dominant status

- Work on progress



Summary

- There are a few interesting results from the heavy flavor physics experiments indicating hints of something unknown…
 - CP Violation and mixing
 - Leptonic B decay
 - Penguin decays
- NP or not–NP, we do not have clear understanding, yet.

What is ahead

- The case for flavor physics in the LHC era is still compelling.
- LHCb is great tool for heavy flavor physics.
- But some aspects, e.g. modes with neutrino will require Super B (Belle II).

Summary

Epilogue

Flavour Observables Sensitive to New Physics

Δm_K ϵ_K ϵ'/ϵ_K $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})$ $B(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$ $B(K^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu)$

Δm_d $A_{SL}(B_d)$ $S(B_d \rightarrow J/\psi K_s)$ $S(B_d \rightarrow \phi K_s)$

$\alpha(B \rightarrow \pi\pi, \rho\pi, \rho\rho)$ $y(B \rightarrow DK)$ CKM fits

Δm_s $A_{SL}(B_s)$ $S(B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi)$ $S(B_s \rightarrow \phi \phi)$

$B(b \rightarrow s \gamma)$ $A_{CP}(b \rightarrow s \gamma)$ $S(B^0 \rightarrow K_s \pi^0 \gamma)$ $S(B_s \rightarrow \phi \gamma)$

$B(b \rightarrow d \gamma)$ $A_{CP}(b \rightarrow d \gamma)$ $A_{CP}(b \rightarrow (d+s) \gamma)$ $S(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \gamma)$

$B(b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-)$ $B(b \rightarrow d l^+ l^-)$ $A_{FB}(b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-)$ $B(b \rightarrow s \nu \bar{\nu})$

$B(B_s \rightarrow l^+ l^-)$ $B(B_d \rightarrow l^+ l^-)$ $B(B^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu)$

$B(\mu \rightarrow e \gamma)$ $B(\mu \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+)$ $(g-2)_\mu$ μ EDM

$B(\tau \rightarrow \mu \gamma)$ $B(\tau \rightarrow e \gamma)$ $B(\tau^+ \rightarrow l^+ l^- l^+)$ τ CPV τ EDM

$B(D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu)$ x_D y_D charm CPV

... add your favourite here ...

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from Tim Gershon's talk in Coseners Workshop (2007)

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Epilogue

Will be Studied at **Belle-II**

Δm_K ϵ_K ϵ'/ϵ_K $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})$ $B(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$ $B(K^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu)$

Δm_d	$A_{SL}(B_d)$	$S(B_d \rightarrow J/\psi K_s)$	$S(B_d \rightarrow \phi K_s)$
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$\alpha(B \rightarrow \pi \pi, \rho \pi, \rho \rho)$	$\gamma(B \rightarrow D K)$	$CKM \text{ fits}$
--	-----------------------------	--------------------

Δm_s	$A_{SL}(B_s)$	$S(B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi)$	$S(B_s \rightarrow \phi \phi)$
--------------	---------------	----------------------------------	--------------------------------

$B(b \rightarrow s \gamma)$	$A_{CP}(b \rightarrow s \gamma)$	$S(B^0 \rightarrow K_s \pi^0 \gamma)$	$S(B_s \rightarrow \phi \gamma)$
-----------------------------	----------------------------------	---------------------------------------	----------------------------------

$B(b \rightarrow d \gamma)$	$A_{CP}(b \rightarrow d \gamma)$	$A_{CP}(b \rightarrow (d+s) \gamma)$	$S(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \gamma)$
-----------------------------	----------------------------------	--------------------------------------	------------------------------------

$B(b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-)$	$B(b \rightarrow d l^+ l^-)$	$A_{FB}(b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-)$	$B(b \rightarrow s \nu \bar{\nu})$
------------------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------------	------------------------------------

$B(B_s \rightarrow l^+ l^-)$	$B(B_d \rightarrow l^+ l^-)$	$B(B^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu)$
------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------

$B(\mu \rightarrow e \gamma)$	$B(\mu \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+)$	$(g-2)_\mu \mu \text{ EDM}$
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$B(\tau \rightarrow \mu \gamma)$	$B(\tau \rightarrow e \gamma)$	$B(\tau^+ \rightarrow l^+ l^- l^+)$	$\tau \text{ CPV}$	$\tau \text{ EDM}$
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$B(D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu)$

x_D	y_D
-------	-------

$charm \text{ CPV}$

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from Tim Gershon's talk in Coseners Workshop (2007)

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Back up

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Concluding Remarks

B-Factories have confirmed the large CP violation

In particular, $B \rightarrow c\bar{c} K^0$ modes: $\sin 2\phi_1 = 0.672 \pm 0.023$

Now, the reference for the new physics search

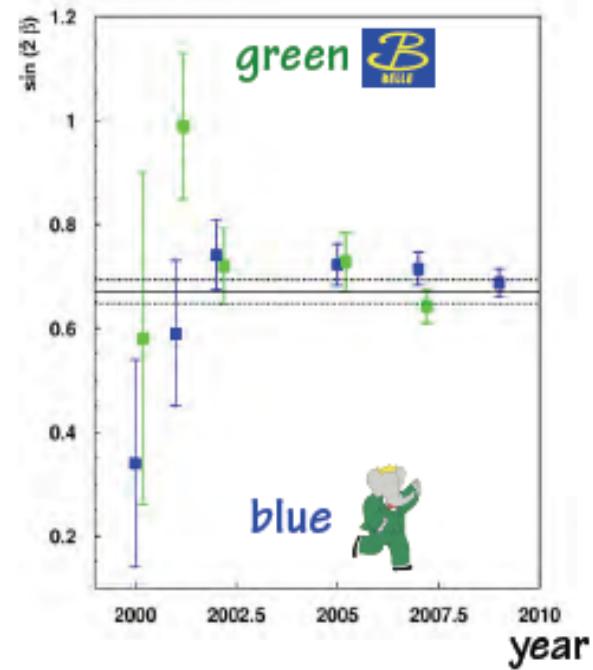
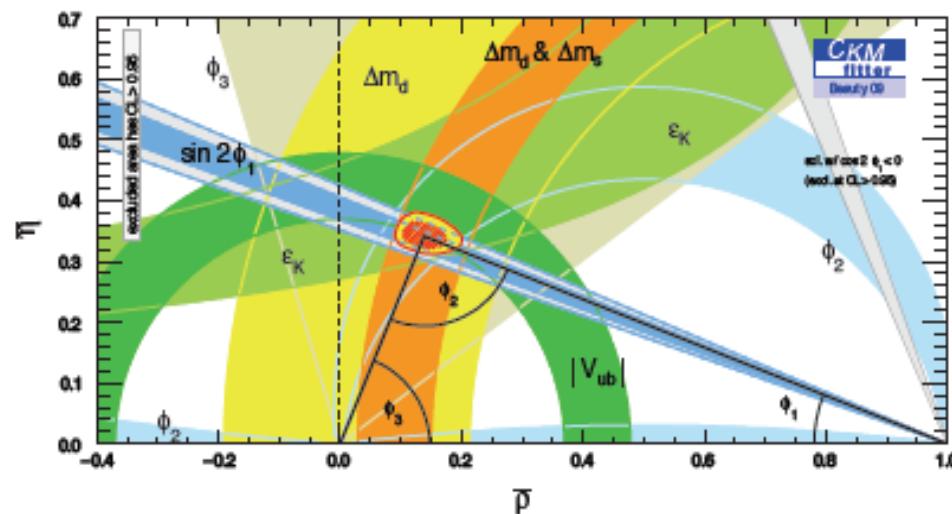
<http://ckmfitter.in2p3.fr/>

$$\phi_1 = 21.15^{+0.90}_{-0.88}^\circ$$

$$\phi_2 = 89.0^{+4.4}_{-4.2}^\circ$$

$$\phi_3 = 69^{+19}_{-21}^\circ$$

O.Long @ Moriond,
EW, 2010



high precision!

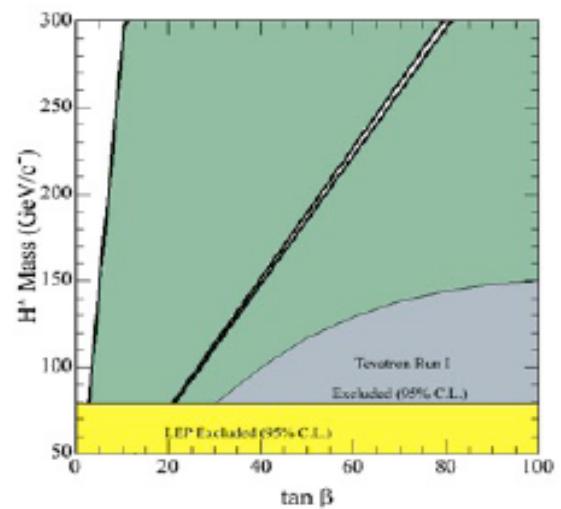
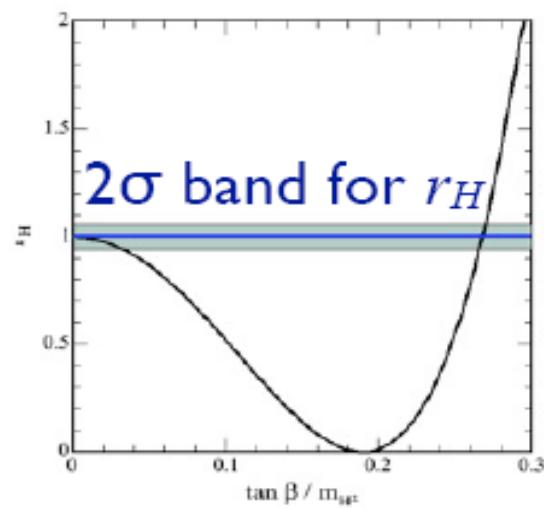
Future prospects

$\Delta f_B(\text{LQCD}) = 5\% \text{ (?)}$

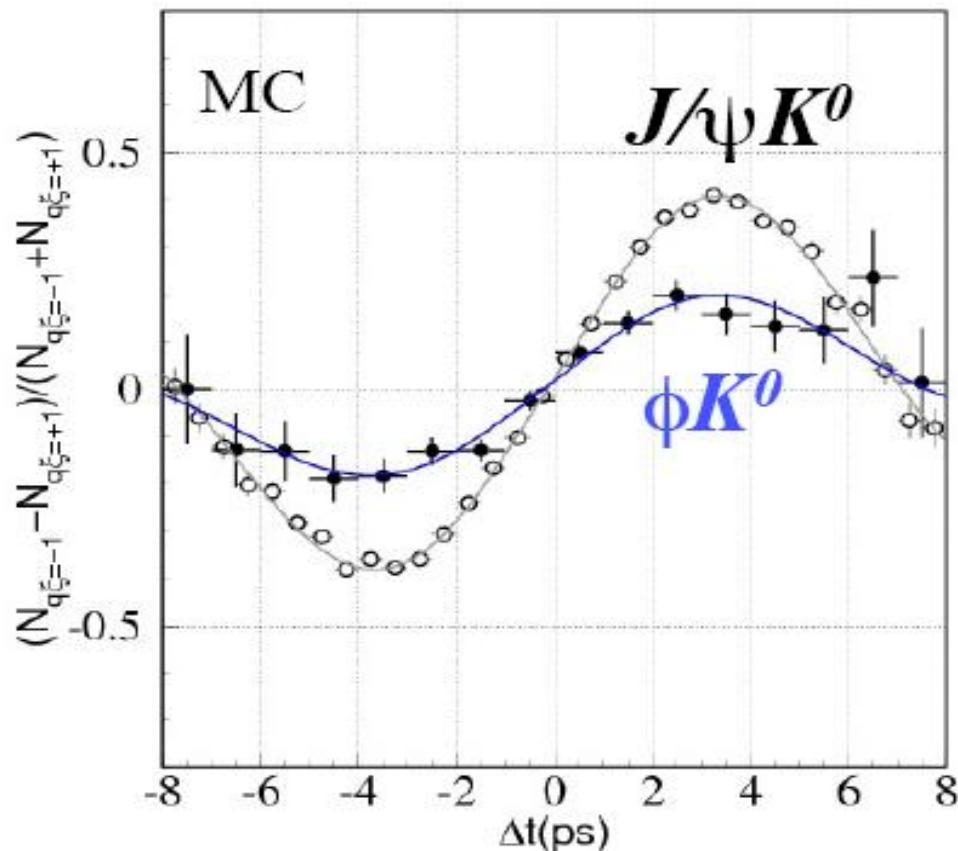
extrapolations

$\int L dt$	$\Delta B(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)$	$\Delta V_{ub} $
414 fb^{-1}	36%	7.5%
5 ab^{-1}	10%	5.8%
50 ab^{-1}	3%	4.4%

for 50 ab^{-1}
assuming
 $\Delta |V_{ub}| = 0 \text{ & } \Delta f_B = 0$



Extrapolation: $B \rightarrow \phi K^0$ at 50/ab with present WA values

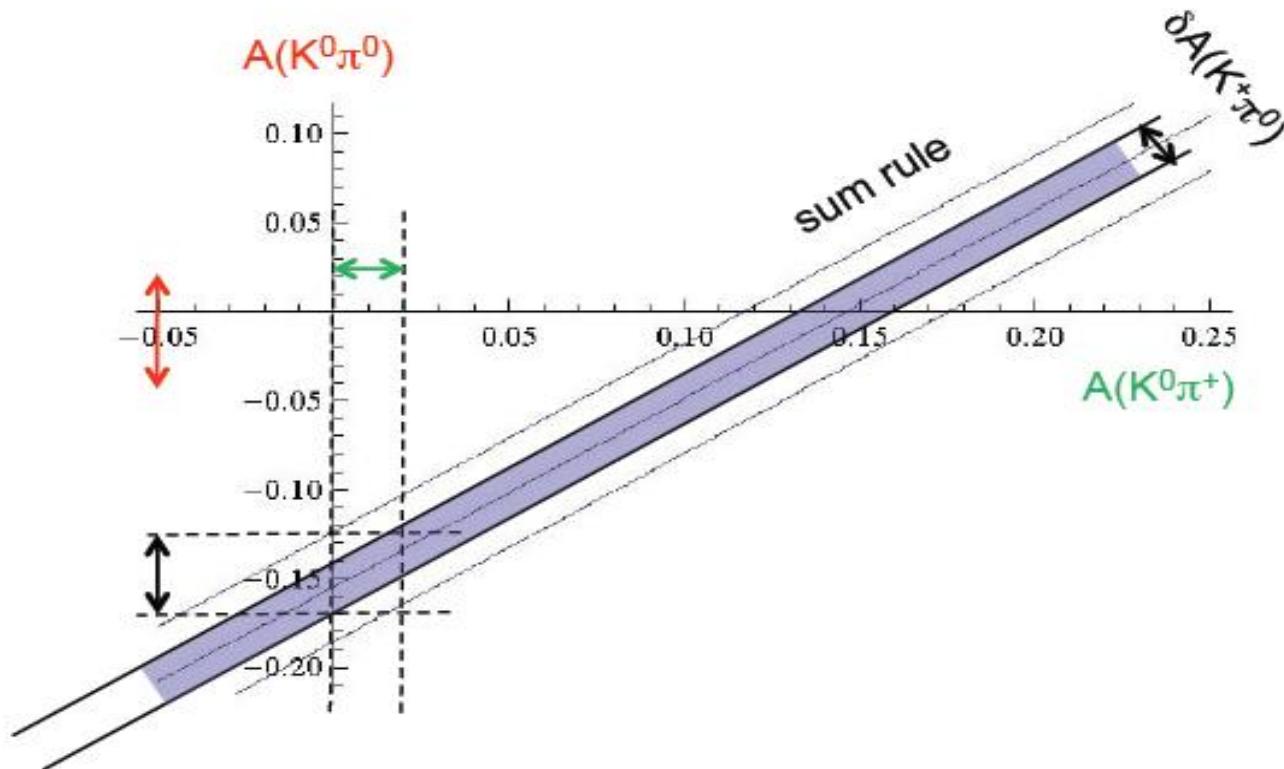


This would establish
the existence of a NP
phase

Compelling measurement in a clean mode

on $K\pi$ puzzle

e.g. Belle II, 50 ab⁻¹



Thank you.

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